L FORSKERUTDANNINGSUTVALGET Det matematisk-naturvitenskapelige fakultet

Det kalles inn til møte i Forskerutdanningsutvalget, **torsdag den 9. februar 2016 kl. 10.15-12.00**, i møterom 1005, Realfagbygget, 1. etasje.

SAK I GODKJENNING AV INNKALLING OG SAKSLISTE

SAK II PROTOKOLL FRA MØTE 01.12.2016

SAK III ORIENTERINGER

- a) Fram til 19.01.2016 er det tatt opp om lag 56 kandidater med startdato i 2016 og 1 hittil i 2017. Nøyaktige tall og oversikt over kandidater som er tatt opp hittil i 2017 blir delt ut i møtet.
- b) I perioden 01.01.-31.12.2016 disputerte 59 kandidater for ph.d.-graden ved MN-fakultetet. Måltallet (prognose) for disputaser i 2016 var 70. Det er levert inn 13 avhandlinger til bedømmelse for disputas i 2017, én av disse for dr.philos.-graden. Måltallet (prognose) for disputaser i 2017 er 68.
- c) Arbeidsgruppe om fakultetsvise ph.d.-program
- d) Orientering fra det sentrale Forskningsutvalget, samt andre råd og utvalg. **Faste lenker:**

Forskningsutvalget http://www.uib.no/fa/arbeidsfelt/forskningsutvalget/sakslister

SAK 2/17 Diskusjon – digital utsending av avhandlinger og informasjon til komitéen Forskerutdanningsutvalget diskuterte på møtet 1.12.16 hvilken informasjon medlemmer av bedømmelseskomitéen og leder av komitéen mottar når de skal bedømme en avhandling. Det ble ytret ønske om å ha en gjennomgang av denne informasjonen. Se vedlagte notat.

SAK 3/17 Oppfølging av framdriftsrapporter på instituttene

Hvert institutt orienterer kort om oppfølgingen internt. Hvordan følges rapportene opp ved instituttene? Har instituttene spesielle funn eller oppfølging de planlegger?

SAK 4/17 EVENTUELT

Anne Marit Blokhus Leder

UNIVERSITETET I BERGEN

Det matematisk-naturvitenskapelige fakultet

FORSKERUTDANNINGSUTVALGET

Sak 2/17

Møtedato: 09.02.2017

Informasjon til komitémedlemmer og digital utsending av avhandlinger

Forskerutdanningsutvalget har ønsket en gjennomgang av hvilken informasjon medlemmer av bedømmelseskomitéen og leder av komitéen mottar når de skal bedømme en avhandling.

I sammenheng med dette ønsker fakultetet også å diskutere muligheten for å gå over til digital utsendelse av avhandlinger til komitémedlemmer.

Informasjon til komitémedlemmer

Medlemmer og leder av komiteen får i dag informasjon om rutiner og reglement for bedømmelse når de får papirkopi av avhandlingen i posten. Brev som sendes leder av komitéen, medlemmene av komitéen og kandidaten er vedlagt.

Fakultetet ønsker innspill på innholdet i informasjonen som sendes ut, og foreslår at all informasjon til komitémedlemmene legges på en egen nettside. Da vil denne informasjonen alltid være tilgjengelig, også for en komitéleder før personen formelt er oppnevnt.

Utsendelse av avhandlinger

Rutine i dag er at kandidaten leverer papirkopier av avhandlingen til instituttet. Disse blir så levert til fakultetet sammen med forslag til bedømmelseskomité. For å få ut avhandlingen raskt sender i tillegg noen veiledere ut en pdf-versjon av avhandlingen når det er klart hvem som blir medlemmer av komitéen. Komitémedlemmene får da ikke informasjon om regler for bedømmelse, dette får de først i brev sammen med papirkopien av avhandlingen. Når avhandlingen leveres på papir blir den ikke arkivert digitalt i ephorte, og arkiveres derfor kun som papirkopi.

Fakultetet ønsker å sende avhandlingen kun digitalt/på e-post til bedømmelseskomité. Dette vil gjøre at komitéen, spesielt de i utlandet vil få avhandling og informasjon om bedømmelse på mye et tidligere tidspunkt. I tillegg vil informasjon til komitéen legges på egen nettside som alltid vil være tilgjengelig.

Det medisinsk- odontologiske fakultet og Psykologisk fakultet sender i dag ut avhandlinger digitalt på e-post. De benytter seg av vedleggstjenesten til UiB, slik at e-posten inneholder en lenke der avhandlingen kan lastes ned fra.

Forskerutdanningsutvalget bes komme med innspill og forslag til innhold i informasjon til bedømmelseskomitéen, samt diskutere digital utsendelse av avhandlinger.

Anne Marit Blokhus

prodekan Eli N. Høie

sekretær

Vedlegg

- 1) Brev til leder av komité
- 2) Brev til medlemmer av komité
- 3) Brev til kandidat

30.01.2017 BIG



Information concerning your duties as a leader of an evaluation committee, PhD-degree – NN

The Faculty of Mathematics and Natural Sciences highly appreciates your willingness to serve on a committee to evaluate the doctoral thesis of NN, pursuant to the rules and regulations mentioned below, and hereby appoint you as a committee leader. Please find information about the members of the evaluation committee on the enclosed form Information regarding evaluation of a doctoral thesis.

WRITTEN EVALUATION

In order to ensure efficient cooperation on the written evaluation within the evaluation committee, it is very important that contact is established as soon as possible with the two other members of the committee.

The committee must submit a joint, written evaluation of the candidate's work in good time (minimum 3 weeks) before the planned defence of the thesis. It is important that the joint **conclusion** whether or not the work is worthy of being publicly defended, is clear.

Contents

The joint, coordinated evaluation should start by mentioning the scientific field to which the thesis in question is a contribution. Outstanding and important theoretical and/or experimental details should be mentioned. The technical qualities (structure, written presentation and general impression) of the thesis should be briefly commented on. The joint evaluation should include "a discussion of the scientific significance of the thesis and central factors concerning its theoretical framework, hypotheses, material, methodology and findings" (please see point 3.1 "Guidelines for the evaluation of candidates for Norwegian doctoral degrees"). Individual comments from any committee member may be enclosed.

The evaluation should conclude as to whether the qualitative and quantitative scientific requirements for a 3-year doctoral degree have been met, and whether the thesis is worthy of being publicly defended for the degree of PhD The committee may not accept a thesis on condition that changes are made to the material submitted. If the thesis is not found worthy of public defence, please see section 3.3 in "Guidelines for the evaluation of candidates for Norwegian doctoral degrees" and relevant sections from the regulations.

Please see the enclosed regulations for doctoral degrees and other relevant information, particularly point 3. The committee's evaluation report in the enclosed "Guidelines for the evaluation of candidates for Norwegian doctoral degrees".

The committees work

The work with the written evaluation is administered by the leader of the evaluation committee, and will include the following:

AT LEAST 3 WEEKS BEFORE PLANNED DEFENCE a joint evaluation report (individual statements of the opponents can be enclosed) about the thesis must be sent to the Faculty of Mathematics and Natural Sciences. The report must be signed by all committee members.

If there is not enough time to collect original signatures from all the committee members, the opponents can either:

- 1. sign the evaluation report, scan and send by e-mail to you or
- 2. sign the evaluation report and send it to you by fax

Scanned/faxed documents **must be signed by the committee leader** before sending the report to the Faculty of Mathematics and Natural Sciences.

The Faculty will then send the evaluation report to the candidate, who is given two weeks to comment on the report.

At the public defence you must make sure that the evaluation report is signed in original by all three committee members and sent to the Faculty of Mathematics and Natural Sciences if this is not done previously.

TRIAL LECTURE

After the dissertation has been submitted but before the defence the doctoral candidate must give a trial lecture on a given topic (see guidelines for PhD Item I and section 11.1 of the regulations). The Faculty recommends that the trial lecture is held latest 3 weeks before the planned defence. The department or a person authorized by the department appoints a special trial lecture committee (which should have the same head as the dissertation's evaluation committee). The committee for the trial lecture must consist of at least three members, but all of these may be in-house. All members must have a doctoral degree or equivalent competence. The department is responsible for arranging the trial lecture and announcing it

The trial lecture can also be held in connection with the defence and evaluated by the evaluation committee for the thesis. In these cases the trial lecture will be announced by the Faculty along with the defence.

Please refer to the enclosed form *Information regarding evaluation of a doctoral thesis* to find information about the trial lecture of this candidate:

- Alternative 1: Trial lecture with a separate evaluation committee for the trial lecture
- Alternative 2: Trial lecture given in connection with the defence and with the same evaluation committee as for the thesis

The committee sends the title of the trial lecture in writing to the department (the research programme committee) **15 workdays** before the trial lecture date. The department must immediately forward the title and information about the composition of the committee to the faculty on a special form. **Ten workdays before** the trial lecture the department announces the topic of the trial lecture to the doctoral candidate. After the trial lecture has been held the result of the trial lecture (pass/fail) is reported to the faculty on the original form signed by the members of the committee.

If the trial lecture is given in connection with the defence, the result can be given on the final report after the defence (please see the last section of this letter).

A trial lecture must be given and passed before the defence can be held. If the trial lecture is failed, please refer to the PhD-regulations.

PUBLIC THESIS DEFENCE

The date for the public defence is decided by the evaluation committee in consultation with the candidate. The department, in cooperation with you as the committee leader, will find the time and venue for the public defence.

About **3 weeks before the defence** you, or the departments administration in your place, will inform the Faculty about the time and venue for the defence, by e-mail to: disputas@mnfa.uib.no

We ask you as committee leader to inform the opponents and candidate about the time and venue for the public defence.

The Faculty will find a leader of the defence and announce the defence.

The defence is an academic discussion between the opponents and the doctoral candidate. The defence itself is open to the public. Normally, close relatives, fellow students, colleagues and faculty members from the department are present. It is customary for the candidate and the opponents to **dress formally.**

For detailed information, please see both the enclosed "Procedure for the defence of doctoral theses at the Faculty of Mathematics and Natural Sciences" and the existing regulations and guidelines.

PRACTICAL INFORMATION

We ask that you, in cooperation with the department, assist the committee members in booking hotel rooms if necessary. A completed travel subsistence form should be sent to the department along with relevant receipts.

The opponents will also receive a standard monetary remuneration for their work. They will be sent the necessary forms from the department, and these must be returned to the department before the defence.

AFTER THE DEFENCE

After the defence, the evaluation committee must write a statement (final report) confirming whether the candidate has successfully passed the defence (and trial lecture if relevant). The statement must be signed by all three members of the committee. It is the committee leader's responsibility that the signed statement (final report) is sent to the Faculty of Mathematics and Natural Sciences. A statement template can be found on this web page (at the base of the page, under the heading "Enclosure(s):"): http://www.uib.no/matnat/56991/disputas-doctoral-thesis-defence

Yours sincerely,

Eli Neshavn Høie Head of section

> Birthe Gjerdevik Senior Executive officer

This document has been electronically approved and therefore has no handwritten signatures

Enclosure(s):

- Documentation of approved evaluation committee (signed form: "Information regarding evaluation of a doctoral thesis")
- Co-author declaration
- Copy of the letter sent to the opponents
- Guidelines for the evaluation of candidates for Norwegian doctoral degrees
- Regulations for the doctoral degree (PhD) at the University of Bergen
- "Procedure for the defence of doctoral theses at the Faculty of Mathematics and Natural Sciences", UiB
- The thesis

CF	CHECK LIST					
	Contact committee members as soon as possible					
	Time and date for the defence decided Mail to the Faculty					
	3 weeks before defence – Evaluation report to the faculty, (Allégaten 41)					
	<u>Trial lecture</u>					
	Topic announced to candidate (10 workdays before)					
	In connection with the defence – send to the faculty:					
	Evaluation report with 3 original signatures					
	Final report from the defence with 3 original signatures					

If you have questions, please contact disputas@mnfa.uib.no or Birthe Gjerdevik, tel 55 58 34 88



Information concerning your duties as a member of an evaluation committee - PhD degree

The Faculty of Mathematics and Natural Sciences highly appreciates your willingness to serve on a committee to evaluate the doctoral thesis of NN, pursuant to the rules and regulations mentioned below, and hereby appoint you as a committee member and opponent. Please find information about the members of the evaluation committee on the enclosed form Information regarding evaluation of a doctoral thesis.

Please note that there are currently two Norwegian doctoral degrees: the PhD degree and the *dr.philos*.-degree.

PRACTICAL INFORMATION

As a member of the evaluation committee, you will receive a standard monetary remuneration as a small appreciation of the work that you do. The appropriate department will also cover your travel expenses and accommodation.

WRITTEN EVALUATION

In order to ensure efficient cooperation on the written evaluation within the evaluation committee, it is very important that contact is established as soon as possible with the two other members of the committee.

Contents

The joint, coordinated evaluation should start by mentioning the scientific field to which the thesis in question is a contribution. Outstanding and important theoretical and/or experimental details should be mentioned. The technical qualities (structure, written presentation and general impression) of the thesis should be briefly commented on. The joint evaluation should include "a discussion of the scientific significance of the thesis and central factors concerning its theoretical framework, hypotheses, material, methodology and findings" (please see point 3.1 "Guidelines for the evaluation of candidates for Norwegian doctoral degrees"). Individual comments from any committee member may be enclosed. The evaluation should conclude as to whether the qualitative and quantitative scientific requirements for a 3-year doctoral degree have been met, and whether the thesis is worthy of being publicly defended for the degree of PhD. The committee may not accept a thesis on condition that changes are made to the material submitted. If the thesis is not found worthy of public defence, please see section 3.3 in the "Guidelines for the evaluation of candidates for Norwegian doctoral degrees" and relevant sections from the regulations. Please see the enclosed regulations for doctoral degrees and other relevant information. particularly point 3. The committee's evaluation report in the enclosed "Guidelines for the evaluation of candidates for Norwegian doctoral degrees".

The work with the written evaluation is administered by the leader of the evaluation committee.

TRIAL LECTURE

An approved trial lecture must be given before the public defence. Normally, the trial lecture is given no later than 3 weeks before the defence, and is evaluated by a separate trial lecture committee with the same leader as evaluation committee for the thesis and defence.

The trial lecture can also be given in connection with the defence, and will then be evaluated by the evaluation committee for the thesis.

Please see the enclosed form "Information regarding evaluation of a doctoral thesis" to see which option has been chosen for this doctoral candidate:

- Alternative 1: Trial lecture with a separate trial lecture committee
- Alternative 2: Trial lecture in connection with public defence, evaluated by the evaluation committee for the PhD thesis

The leader of the evaluation committee will inform you of the procedures for trial lecture in connection with the defence, if the evaluation committee for the PhD-thesis will also evaluate the trial lecture.

THESIS DEFENCE

The defence is an academic discussion between the opponents and the doctoral candidate. The defence itself is open to the public. Normally, close relatives, fellow students, colleagues and faculty members from the department are present. It is customary for the candidate and the opponents to **dress formally.** For detailed information, please see both the enclosed "Procedure for the defence of doctoral theses at the Faculty of Mathematics and Natural Sciences" and the existing regulations and guidelines.

After the defence, the evaluation committee must write a statement confirming whether the candidate has successfully passed the defence. The statement will be written by the committee leader and must be signed by all three members of the committee.

If you have questions concerning your duties as a committee member, please consult the leader of the evaluation committee.

Yours sincerely,

Eli N. Høie Head of section

> Birthe Gjerdevik Senior Executive Officer

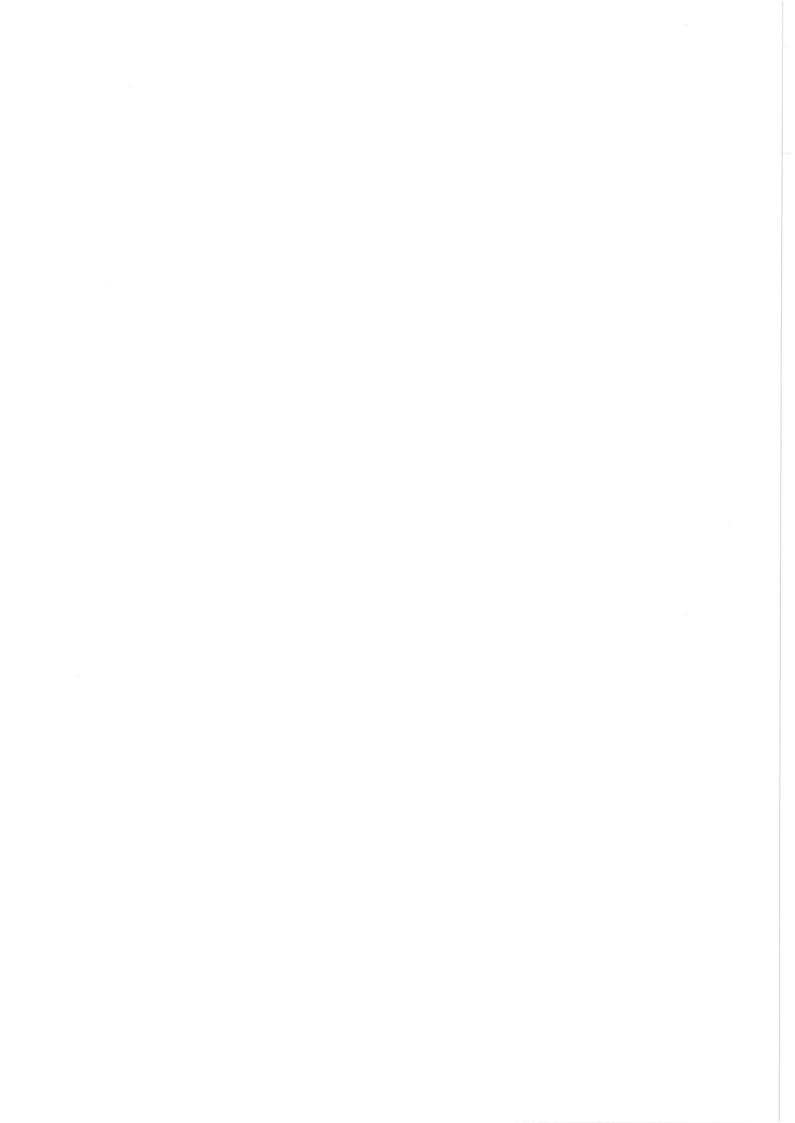
This document has been electronically approved and therefore has no handwritten signatures

Enclosure(s):

- Documentation of approved evaluation committee (signed form: "Information regarding evaluation of a doctoral thesis")
- Co-author declaration
- Guidelines for the evaluation of candidates for Norwegian doctoral degrees
- "Procedure for the defence of doctoral theses at the Faculty of Mathematics and Natural Sciences", UiB
- Relevant sections from the regulations for the doctoral degree at the University of Bergen
- The thesis

Guidelines for the evaluation of candidates for Norwegian doctoral degrees





Guidelines for the Evaluation of Candidates for Norwegian Doctoral Degrees

Recommended by the Norwegian Association of Higher Education Institutions 23 March 2007

1. Regulations and supplementary provisions

The evaluation of scientific theses submitted towards doctoral degrees at Norwegian universities and university colleges is regulated by:

- the regulations of the respective institutions for the degree of Philosophiae Doctor (PhD) and supplementruy provisions to these regulations;
- the regulations of the respective institutions for the degree of Dr. philos.

The regulations and supplementruy provisions for the degree in question must be made known to all those involved in the evaluation of candidates for doctoral degrees at each institution. The following guidelines are derived from and folmulated within the pru-ameters of these regulations, with particular focus on the process of evaluation. The aim of these guidelines is to provide a supplementary discussion of the norms and procedures which are assumed to be common to all Norwegian doctoral degrees. Consequently, the guidelines are general in nature and are intended to complement the specifications for the respective institutions or degrees, as stated in the supplementary provisions of the institution in question.

2. Preparatory procedures

2.1 Appointment of an evaluation committee

The responsible academic unit (e.g. faculty, department) appoints an evaluation committee consisting of no less than three members, on the recommendation of the academic staff in the discipline concerned, and subject to the approval of the governing body or the Rector of the relevant institution where this is laid down in the regulations. The recommendation should list the relevant qualifications that the individual members represent, and how the committee as a whole covers the subject matter of the thesis. At least one member should be a person with no connection to the institution. If possible, at least one member should be from a foreign educational institution. As far as possible, both genders should be represented on the committee. If this is not possible, the reason must be stated.

The doctoral candidate must be informed of the composition of the committee. The candidate may comment on the composition of the committee, informing the responsible academic unit of any problems of prutiality or other matters of significance.

To ensure satisfactmy progress in the evaluation procedure, the responsible academic unit appoints a chairperson from among the members of the evaluation committee. The chairperson should preferably be a member of the institution. Under special circumstances, the responsible academic unit may instead appoint an administrative chairperson from its academic staff who does not participate in the evaluation of the thesis.

The chairperson of the committee is responsible for the organisation of the committee's work, including ensuring satisfactory progress from the start and observing the deadline set for the completion of the committee's work. The chairperson is responsible for coordinating the compilation of the committee's report on the thesis and for distributing tasks among the committee members in connection with the public defence.

For doctoral degrees that require participation in an organised research programme, the thesis must be submitted to the committee along with an account of where the training was carried out and the name of the candidate's supervisor(s). Documentation must be provided of the approved research training programme in which the candidate has participated. As the training programme has already been approved, the purpose of submitting this information to the committee is not to obtain its approval, but rather to aid the committee's formulation of the prescribed topic of the trial lecture.

In cases where a revised version of a thesis is submitted for re-evaluation, the new evaluation committee must contain at least one member of the original committee.

If a candidate who has previously submitted a thesis which was subsequently rejected submits an entirely new thesis for evaluation, a new evaluation committee may be appointed.

2.2 Correction of errors of a formal nature after submission of the doctoral thesis

A thesis that has been submitted may not be withdrawn. However, the doctoral candidate is entitled to make minor corrections of a formal nature. These must be submitted in the form of an errata sheet enclosed with the copies of the thesis submitted to the responsible academic unit no later than one month prior to the public defence. No other corrections may be made to work which has been submitted for evaluation.

3. The committee's evaluation report

On appointing the evaluation committee, the responsible academic unit stipulates a time frame for the period from the submission of the thesis to the holding of the public defence, which normally should not be longer than three months. The date for the presentation of the Committee's evaluation report must be agreed on in relation to this period.

3.1 Description of the thesis

The report must contain a short description of the format of the thesis (monograph/collection of articles), the type of work involved (i.e. theoretical/empirical) and the length of the thesis. The rep011 must also include a discussion of the scientific significance of the thesis and central factors concerning its theoretical framework, hypotheses, material, methodology and findings.

3.2 Evaluation of the thesis

A Norwegian doctoral degree is awarded as proof that the candidate's research qualifications are of a certain standard. Degrees incorporating a specified schedule and an organised research programme (PhD) and degrees with no such requirements (Dr. philos.) are regarded

as being of an equal standard. This principle of equivalence refers to the academic standard and quality of the work submitted, not merely its volume. In the organised research programmes, qualifications may be documented through tests and participation in various activities within the training programme. Since the degree of Dr. philos. does not include an organised research programme, the preparatory work (e.g. the collection of data) and the thesis itself may be expected to be more extensive than for degrees with an organised research programme. Irrespective of the kind of degree, the candidate must satisfy the *minimum requirements* to qualify as a researcher - demonstrated through requirements related to the formulation of research questions, precision and logical stringency. The candidate must also demonstrate originality and a good command of cunent methods of analysis and be able to reflect on their possibilities and limitations. He/she must also demonstrate knowledge of, understanding of and a reflective attitude towards other research in the field.

When evaluating a thesis, special consideration should be given to whether the thesis represents an independent and comprehensive piece of scientific work of high academic standard with regard to the fonnulation of research questions, methodological, theoretical and empirical basis, documentation, treatment of the literature and form of presentation. It is especially important to consider whether the material and methods applied are relevant to the questions raised in the thesis, and whether the arguments and conclusions posited are ten able. The thesis must contribute new knowledge to the discipline and be of an academic standard appropriate for publication as part of the scientific literature in the field.

If the thesis consists of several intenelated minor works, the evaluation committee must assess whether the content of the individual works forms a whole. In such cases, the candidate must document the integrated nature of the work in a separate section by not only summarising but also comparing the research questions and conclusions presented in the separate works. This part of the thesis is of vital importance both for the doctoral candidate and for the committee's evaluation of the work submitted.

If the thesis includes a joint publication, the doctoral candidate must obtain declarations from his/her co-author(s), including their consent to use the work as part of the thesis. The committee must consider to what extent the candidate's contribution to the joint publication can be identified and whether the candidate is responsible for a sufficient portion of the thesis. The abstract of the thesis must be written solely by the candidate. If the documentation submitted by the candidate is insufficient, the committee may take steps to obtain further information.

In special cases, the committee may require the submission of source material and supplementary or clarifying information .

If the thesis is submitted as a joint publication, it is reasonable to expect the scope of the research project and/or thesis to be more extensive than that of the work of an individual. Each of the doctoral candidates must, as far as possible, be evaluated and tested in accordance with the requirements for the evaluation of work submitted by one person.

3.3 The conclusion

The conclusion should comprise an evaluation and a discussion of the strong and weak points of the thesis. This evaluation leads to a conclusion as to whether the committee finds the thesis worthy for public defence, or whether the committee recommends that the thesis be

rejected. If there is dissent among the members of the committee, the reasons for dissent must be stated.

3.4 The committee's report

The committee's report is to be submitted to the responsible academic unit. It is preferred that the committee issue a joint report, with any individual statements enclosed. Grounds for dissent among the members of the committee must always be stated. Individual statements may be enclosed with the report even if the committee's conclusion is unanimous.

In cases in which the committee concludes that the thesis should be approved for public defence, the committee should formulate a relatively brief recommendation. If the committee's recommendation is to reject the thesis, it is reasonable to include more details of the reasons for the decision.

If the conclusion of the committee is that the thesis should not be recommended for public defence in its present form, but that a satisfactory standard may be reached by revising the submitted thesis, a recommendation to this effect should be made. The committee should only recommend the submission of a revised version of the thesis if the committee considers it probable that a satisfactmy standard of a revision can be achieved within a six-month period. In such cases, the committee should give some indication as to which parts of the thesis are in need of revision (methodology, relationship between material and conclusion, use of concepts, clarity of questions raised, etc.). This type of indication should not give the impression that a new evaluation will necessarily lead to approval of the thesis. If the committee concludes that fundamental changes to theory, hypotheses, material and/or methodology are necessary before a thesis can be recommended for public defence, the committee should not recommend revision of the same thesis.

4. Treatment of the committee's report on the thesis

The committee's written report and conclusion as to whether the thesis is to be recommended for public defence is then submitted to the responsible academic unit for forwarding to the doctoral candidate as soon as possible. Any comments from the doctoral candidate must be submitted in writing within two weeks to the responsible academic unit, which will then forward these to the committee members. Any reply from the committee must be sent to this same unit. The decision lies with the responsible academic unit as to whether the thesis is to be approved for public defence and the candidate may appear for the doctoral degree examination, or whether the thesis is to be rejected (including whether a recommendation should be given for the thesis to be resubmitted in a revised version).

5. The committee's evaluation of the trial lecture(s) and public defence

5.1 Trial lecture(s)

The objective of the trial lecture(s) is to document the doctoral candidate's ability to impart to others the knowledge gained through his/her research. Trial lectures should be structured so as to be accessible to an audience with knowledge of the subject equivalent to one year of study in the academic field.

For degrees/programmes for which a lecture on a self-chosen topic is required, the doctoral candidate must forward the title of the chosen topic to the responsible academic unit no later than one month before the public defence.

The theme of the presclibed topic should not be selected from the central research questions covered by the doctoral candidate's degree work. The candidate must be informed of the prescribed topic at least 10 working days before the public defence. A trial lecture on a chosen topic must *not* be a summary of the thesis and findings therein, but must represent an independent academic contribution to the field.

In the evaluation of the trial lecture(s), emphasis should be placed on both the academic content and the candidate's ability to impart knowledge. The tlial lecture(s) is/are part of the doctoral degree examination and must be approved prior to the public defence. For degrees requiring two trial lectures, these are to be evaluated jointly. If the trial lecture(s) is/are not satisfactory, a second attempt at the trial lecture(s) and public defence may be made after six months have elapsed.

5.2 Public defence

The public defence is headed by the Dean or a person authorised by the Dean. The opponents are appointed by the responsible academic unit or the evaluation committee. Care must be taken to select opponents who will ensure that critical views of the thesis are not repressed. The public defence is opened by the first opponent and concluded by the second opponent. Other persons present wishing to take part in the discussion *ex auditorio* must notify the chairperson of the public defence of their desire within the time limit determined by the chairperson and announced at the start of the proceedings. Further details of how the public defence is organised may be found in the regulations and supplementary provisions for doctoral degrees. Any traditions and customary practice in public defences for a particular degree should be taken into account.

If the thesis as a whole was submitted as a joint publication, the evaluation committee will decide how the public defence is to be conducted. If the doctoral candidates will defend their thesis in a joint public defence, the opponents must ensure that each candidate is tested to a sufficient extent.

The public defence is an academic discussion between the opponents and the doctoral candidate concerning the research questions raised, the methodological, empirical and theoretical sources, documentation and form of presentation . A primaiy objective is to test the validity of the central conclusions drawn by the candidate in his/her work. The questions that the opponents choose to pursue need not be limited to those mentioned in the committee's report. The opponents should seek to give the discussion a form which allows those unfamiliar with the contents of the thesis or the subject area to follow the discussion.

The chairperson of the public defence is responsible for ensuring that the time available is used effectively and that the discussion is concluded within the given time limit. At the end of the proceedings the chairperson of the public defence will declare the public defence closed. The chairperson does not give an evaluation of the public defence, but merely refers to the evaluation that will be given in the committee's report.

5.3 Evaluation of the public defence

If a thesis is found to be worthy of public defence, this will normally lead to approval of the thesis and its defence for the doctoral degree. Should the main conclusions of the thesis prove to be untenable through factors which come to light during the course of the public defence, the committee must evaluate the public defence as unsatisfactory. This is also the case if blameworthy factors come to light during the public defence which may be crucial in the evaluation of the work, such as a breach of ethical norms in research or sound academic practice.

5.4 The committee's report

After the public defence, the evaluation committee submits a report on whether the trial lecture(s) and the public defence have been deemed worthy of recommendation.

It is the responsibility of the committee to decide whether or not to recommend the public defence for approval. Should new factors come to light during the course of the public defence which create uncertainty among the committee members and which cannot be resolved during the public defence, the committee should assess the possible consequences of these factors before giving a final evaluation in the report.

6. Concluding procedures

The committee's report on the result of the trial lecture(s) and the public defence is submitted to the responsible academic unit and then forwarded to the governing body of the institution for further consideration. In principle, both academic entities are at liberty to draw their own conclusions. However, it is extremely rare for the responsible academic unit or governing body to reject a unanimous recommendation from the evaluation committee except for extraordinary reasons. Such reasons could be, for instance, obvious misinterpretation by the evaluation committee of the institution's quality requirements, or new information which comes to light after the committee's report has been finalised (e.g. cheating) and which may have a bearing on the final decision.

If the responsible academic unit and governing body of the institution approve the public defence, the governing body of the institution will confer the doctoral degree on the candidate.

If the trial lecture(s) or public defence is/are rejected, the doctoral candidate may make a second attempt after six months have elapsed.

7. Appeal

Provisions relating to the right to appeal the rejection of a thesis, public defence or trial lecture(s) are laid down in the institution's regulations for each type of degree.

"Procedure for the defense of doctoral theses at the Faculty of Mathematics and Natural Sciences", UiB



PROCEDURE FOR THE DEFENCE OF DOCTORAL THESIS AT THE FACULTY OF MATHEMATICS AND NATURAL SCIENCES

The auditorium where the defence is to be held must have:

Two rostrums, the one on the right for the candidate and the one of the left for the opponents, **a desk** (with a green tablecloth) and

a chair placed to one side of the rostrnms, for the use of the person chairing the proceedings.

Before the defence stails, at least ten copies of the thesis should be made available in the auditorium for use by the audience. The copies of the thesis are usually collected again after the defence, and this should be stated on the cover of the copies.

Both the doctoral candidate and the opponents are expected to **dress formally** at the defence. The whole ceremony normally takes between two and two and a half hours, and it is open to the public. The candidate's family, fellow students and colleagues are usually present.

•! • Academic procession:

The doctoral candidate, the committee and the leader of the defence enter the auditorium In procession in the following order:

Leader of the defence (Dean)

Opponent (the first opponent)

Opponent

Third member of the conmlittee

Doctoral candidate

•!• Introduction by the leader of the defence:

The leader of the defence gives brief information, stating:

- who the doctoral candidate is
- when he or she was admitted to the ph.d. progranune
- who has (or have) been supervisor(s)
- that the programme of study has been completed
- the thesis, its title and submission date
- the composition of the evaluation committee and the approval of the thesis for defence
- the opponents

•!• The doctoral candidate's presentation:

The doctoral candidate presents his or her work (objective and findings/ results) before the scholarly discussion stalis. The presentation should last for approx. 30-40 minutes.

•! Opponents, examination and the evaluation of the doctoral candidate's defence:

Two members of the evaluation committee act as opponents. The opponents agree in advance on the division of tasks between themselves and inform the leader of the defence.

- *The.first opponent is given the floor.* He or she gives a briefresume (5-15 minutes) in which the doctoral candidate's scholarly work is put in an international perspective. *He/she then examines the candidate.*
- (Break, if applica ble)
- The second opponent is given the floor and examines the doctoral candidate.

- The leader of the defence invites questions from those present.
- The committee and the leader of the defence withdraw to evaluate the presentation and defence of the thesis, the order is as follows:

Leader of the defence (Dean) Opponent (the first opponent) Opponent Third member of the committee

- The committee and the leader of the defence return to the auditorium.

 If desirable, the opponents may be given an opportunity to make further comment.
- *The leader of the defence* announces the outcome of the evaluation and the defence proceedings are closed.

•!• The doctoral candidate's speech of thanks:

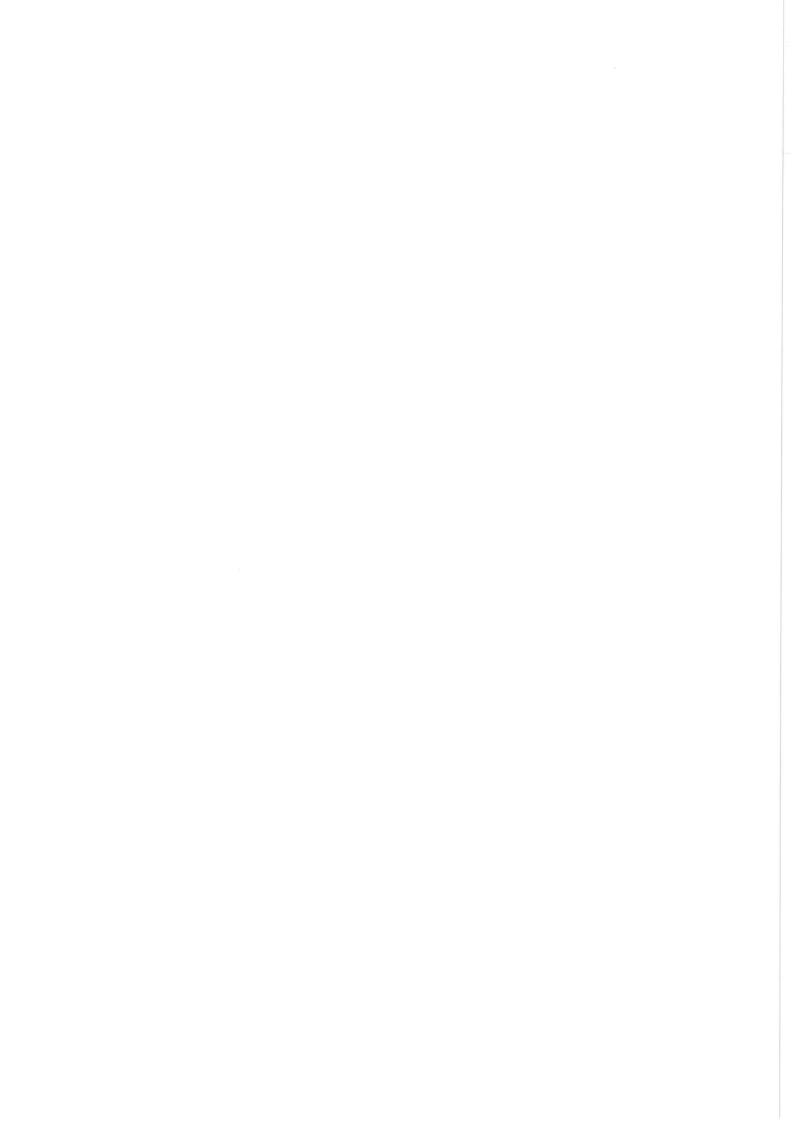
The doctoral candidate (if he/she so wishes) is given the floor (to make a speech of thanks etc.).

•!• The academic procession out of the auditorium:

The doctoral committee, the committee and the leader of the defence march out in academic procession. As a tribute to the doctoral candidate's new status, the order is as follows:

The doctoral candidate Opponent (the first opponent) Opponent Third committee member Leader of the defence (Dean) Relevant sections from the regulations for the doctoral degree at the University of Bergen





This text is also available in Norwegian

REGULATIONS FOR THE PHILOSOPHIAE DOCTOR (PhD) DEGREE AT THE UNIVERSITY OF BERGEN

Adopted by the Board of the University of Bergen on 20 June 2013 pursuant to Sections 3-3 and 3-9 of Act No. 15 of 1 April 2005 relating to Universities and University Colleges.

PART I INTRODUCTORY PROVISIONS

Section 1 Scope of the regulations

The regulations apply to all education leading to the philosophiae doctor (PhD) degree, with the following specifications:

If the training component of a PhD candidate's programme includes courses that are normally offered at the master's level (300-level courses), the provisions stipulated for these levels apply, cf. the Act relating to Universities and University Colleges, the "forskrift om opptak, studier, vurdering og grader ved Universitetet i Bergen" ("Regulations regarding admissions, studies, assessments and degrees at the University of Bergen"), the Faculties' supplementary rules to the aforementioned regulations and the individual programme and course descriptions.

For PhD candidates who attend other institutions or places of work in connection with a joint degree and as part of their research training, the rules of the institution in question also apply.

For the training component, cf. Section 7, the disciplinary provisions of the Act relating to universities and university colleges apply in addition to these regulations, cf. Section 4-7 of the Act. The disciplinary provisions of these regulations also apply, cf. Section 5.5.2.

If the PhD candidate is employed at the University of Bergen or elsewhere, the laws and agreements that are stipulated for the employment also apply.

Section 2 Goals, scope and content of the PhD training

Section 2.1 Goals of the PhD training

The PhD training is to qualify the candidate for research at an international standard and for other work that requires advanced scientific insight and analytical thinking, in accordance with sound academic practice and established standards for research ethics.

The PhD training is to give the PhD candidate knowledge, skills and competence in keeping with the qualifications framework.

Section 2.2 Content of the PhD training

The training includes independent research which must be documented by an academic thesis of an international standard at a high academic level. Additionally, the PhD candidate must undergo a training component, providing training in the disciplinary context, methods and theories that provide a disciplinary breadth and depth in their field, and that also contextualises the discipline within a broader framework. The PhD training is to train PhD candidates in the dissemination of academic work to colleagues, students and the general public.

Section 2.3 Scope of the PhD training

The nominal length of study for the PhD training is three (3) years full time, and includes a training component of at least 30 credits.

The most important part of the PhD training is an independent research project completed under active supervision.

The PhD degree is awarded on the basis of:

- 1. An approved academic thesis
- 2. An approved completion of the training component, alternatively another approved disciplinary training or competence
- 3. An approved trial lecture on an assigned topic
- 4. An approved public defence of the thesis (disputation)

Section 3 Responsibility for the PhD training

The Board of the University of Bergen has overall responsibility for the PhD education offered at the institution. The responsibility for the implementation of the PhD education has been delegated to the Faculties

for their respective disciplinary areas. Responsibility for the coordination of interdisciplinary and inter-Faculty PhD education must be assumed by a host Faculty.

Section 4 Quality Assurance of the training component

The Faculties must establish adequate quality assurance for the courses in the training component of the PhD education, in keeping with the guidelines for quality assurance of courses at the bachelor's and master's degree levels. See the Handbook for Quality Assurance of University Education.

PART II ADMI SSIONS

Section 5 Admissions

Section 5.1 Admission requirement

For admission to the PhD education, the applicant must normally hold a five-year master's degree, in accordance with the descriptions in the qualifications framework about the second cycle. The Faculty may, following a separate assessment, approve another equivalent education as the basis for admission. The Faculty may stipulate further requirements to qualifications in supplementary regulations, following criteria that are publicly available and in line with the institution's recruitment policy and academic profile.

Application for admission to the PhD education: Application form Agreement about admission

The application should contain:

- 1. Documentation of the education that is to form the basis for admission
- 2. A project description that contains:
- an academic outline of the project
- schedule
- funding plan
- documentation of specific requirements regarding academic and material resources
- any plans for stays at another research institution (including abroad) or enterprise
- a plan for academic dissemination
- details of any intellectual property restrictions to protect the rights of others
- a plan for the training component, including training that will provide a general competence in keeping with the qualifications framework
- a proposal for at least one supervisor and an indication of affiliation with an active research community
- a description of any legal and ethical issues raised by the project and how these can be resolved. The application must state whether the project depends on permission from research ethics committees or other authorities or from private persons (such as informants, patients or parents). If possible, such permissions should be obtained and attached to the application.

The academic environment the PhD candidate is to be affiliated with should actively participate in developing the project description and in the programme for the actual PhD education.

As soon as possible, and at the latest within three (3) months of admission, the PhD candidate and the main supervisor should, review the project description together and assess the needs for adjustments. The project description should explicate the topic and questions to be researched as well as the choice of theories and methods.

The institution may require the candidate to be in residence.

Applications for admission to the PhD education must normally be submitted within three (3) months of the start of the research project that is to form the basis for the PhD degree. If less than one (1) year of full-time employment remains in the research project at the time of application, the applicant should be rejected, cf. Section 5.3.

If the applicant wishes to use a language in the thesis other than those approved in Section 10.4 of the Regulations, an application for such use must be submitted along with the plan for the studies.

The Faculty determines the content of the application form and may require further documentation.

The Faculty may stipulate further admission criteria in supplementary regulation s.

Section 5.2 Admis sion process

Applications for admission are to be submitted to the relevant Faculty, and must be sent via the department with which the applicant wished to be affiliated. In supplementary rules, the Faculties may stipulate criteria for ranking qualified applicants if the number of applicants exceeds admission capacity.

If the applicant's project suggests that it might be appropriate for the applicant to be affiliated with multiple academic environments, comments must be obtained from these, and from their respective departments, before admission. A tentative division of labour (percentage) between the academic environments, as well as any external partners, must be made.

The admission decision must be based on a comprehensive evaluation of the project description, the applicant's formal qualifications, sufficient resources for the realization of the research project and the plan submitted for the research training, and is made on recommendation from the department in question. If the nature of the project gives grounds to do so, emphasis must be placed on the plan's account of the legal and ethical issues.

The PhD agreement must be signed no later than one month after the PhD candidate has been notified of admission.

Section 5.3 Admission decision

The Faculty makes the decision on admission. The decision must be based on a comprehensive evaluation of the application; see Section 5.2(3).

At least one supervisor must be named in the decision, responsibility for the handling of other needs outlined in the application must be allocated, and the agreement period/admission period must be set with a start and end date. The start date must correspond to the start date of the funding. Any extension of the agreement period must be related to the rights of employees, or be specially clarified in relation to the candidate's funding.

Admission should be refused if:

- agreements with an external third party impede publication and a public defence of the thesis
- the intellectual property agreements that have been entered into are so unreasonable that the institution should not participate in the project
- the applicant will be unable to fulfil the requirement that at least one year of the project must be completed after the applicant has been admitted to the PhD education, cf. Section 5.1.

Section 5.4 Admission period

The standard length of the PhD education is three (3) years of full-time studies. It is not acceptable to plan to complete the PhD education at a rate of progress that leads to a course of study that is longer than six (6) years. In supplementary regulations, the Faculty may impose stricter progress requirements for the course of study.

The maximum duration of a PhD programme is normally eight (8) years from the start date, not including statutory leave and required duties.

The agreement period may be extended by leaves of absence granted in accordance with the candidate's rights as an employee, or in accordance with rights granted by other funding sources.

In the event of statutory interruptions, the admission period is extended correspondingly

On application, the admission period may also be extended on other grounds. The application must include an explanation of what has been accomplished/published and what remains of the work towards the PhD degree. Applications for an extension may be approved if the Faculty, following a comprehensive assessment, determines that completion of the project is feasible within the extended period. An affirmation from the supervisor and the basic academic unit about supervision during the period of extension must be presented.

In the event that an extension is granted, the Faculty may specify additional terms and conditions.

After the end of the period of admission, the parties' rights and duties stipulated in the PhD agreement terminate, which means that the PhD candidate can lose his/her right to supervision, course participation and access to university infrastructure. The PhD candidate may nevertheless apply to submit his or her thesis for assessment for the PhD degree.

Section 5.5 Termination before the agreed end date

Section 5.5.1 Voluntary termination

The PhD candidate, supervisor or Faculty may agree to terminate the PhD education before the stipulated date. In the event of a voluntary termination of the PhD education, a separate agreement shall stipulate how the parties handle questions regarding any employment, funding, equipment and rights to results (intellectual property rights and similar).

In the event of a voluntary termination resulting from the PhD candidate's wish to change projects or transfer to another Faculty, the PhD candidate must re-apply for admission based on the new project.

A thesis produce under organized supervision and as part of a doctoral programme, may not be submitted for assessment for a Dr. Philos. degree (for graduates who have qualified for the doctoral degree without formal research training).

Section 5.5.2 Enforced termination

The Facuity may decide an enforced termination before the end of the agreed upon duration of the PhD education. Such enforced termination can be decided if one or more of the following issues arise:

- Repeated and grave violations by the PhD candidate of their information, follow-up or reporting obligations.
- Significant delay in the progress of the research project that is of such a character that there are grounds for doubt as to whether the PhD candidate will be able to complete the project within the agreed-upon time. To form the basis for enforced termination, the significant delay must be caused by issues the PhD candidate has
- Significant delay in the completion of the training componen, tfor reasons the PhD candidate has control
- Violations of research ethics guidelines that apply to the subject area, such as cheating that comes under the provisions in Section 4-7 of the Act relating to universities and university colleges.
- Candidate behaviour that violates the trust that must be present between the university and the PhD candidate during the PhD education, including criminal offences related to the completion of the PhD education.

Decisions on enforced termination are made by the Faculty at which the PhD candidate is admitted, following a recommendation by the basic academic unit. The decision may be appealed to the University Appeals Committee

If the PhD candidate is an employee of the university, the agreement can only be terminated if the requirements for termination or dismissal pursuant to the Civil Service Act have been fulfilled.

Section 5.6 The PhD agreement

Admission to the university's PhD programme must be formalized in a written agreement within the framework of the standard agreement for admission adopted by the University Board. The agreement is to be signed by the PhD candidate, supervisor(s), department and the Faculty the PhD candidate has been admitted to. The agreement governs the parties' rights and obligations during the period of admission and is intended to ensure that the PhD candidate regularly participates in an active research environment, and is to facilitate the completion of the PhD programme within the agreed-upon time. If a supervisor is appointed after the date of admission, this supervisor must sign the agreement immediately after their appointment as supervisor. At least one supervisor must be named at the time of admission, cf. Section 5.3.

PhD candidates appointed to positions at the University of Bergen must also sign a separate employment

Applicants who receive funding from, is employed by, or receives a similar contribution from an external party, must formalize this in a separate agreement between the candidate, the university and the external party.

If the PhD candidate is affiliated with a different place of employment, an agreement must be entered into that regulates the terms of employment, including time for the doctoral work, operating funds and needs for scientific equipment. The agreement is to ensure that the PhD candidate regularly participates in an active research community and is to facilitate the completion of the PhD programme within the agreed-upon time.

In situations where the PhD candidate is to be affiliated with foreign institutions, the institutions' guidelines for such collaborations must be complied with, and separate agreements must be made on the stipulated forms. The agreement shall normally be attached to the admission agreement.

The agreement must state the date at which the PhD education starts.

Significant changes in the agreement that affect the completion of the research project or the training component must be presented to the Faculty for approval.

Section 5.7 Infrastructure

The necessary infrastructure for carrying out the research project is to be available for the candidate. The decision about what is considered necessary infrastructure for completion is to be made by the basic academic uniUFaculty. For PhD candidates with external funding and/or employment, an agreement must be made between the basic academic unit/Faculty and the external party in connection with the research project concerned. Such agreements must normally be presented at the time the admission decision is made for the PhD candidate in question, or shortly thereafter.

PART III COMPLETION

Section 6 Supervision

Section 6.1 Supervision

Work on the PhD thesis is to take place under individual supervision, and the PhD candidate must be in regular contact with the appointed supervisor(s) and must be part of an active research environment. The PhD candidate must be given the opportunity to have their thesis work discussed in a seminar.

When the work on a doctoral thesis involves multiple departments, the academic credit, as well as any financial benefits for each department, must be stipulated in a separate agreement (admission agreement part 8). This also applies when the supervisors for a thesis are from different departments; see the separate section in the admission agreement about this.

As a rule, the PhD candidate should have two supervisors, one of whom should be appointed as the main supervisor. The supervisors are appointed by the Faculty and the main supervisor should be appointed at the time of admission. Additionally, one or more co-supervisors can be appointed. The supervisor(s) must have a doctoral degree or equivalent academic competence within the subject area, and be an active researcher. At least one of the appointed supervisors should have previous experience of supervision of candidates at the master's and/or PhD level.

The main supervisor has the primary academic and administrative responsibility for the candidate's PhD education, and is to be the PhD candidate's primary daily contact. The main supervisor should normally be employed at the Faculty to which the PhD candidate has been admitted, or at an institution approved by the Faculty. An external supervisor may be a main supervisor in accordance with agreements between the institution in which the external supervisor is employed and UiB. If the Faculty appoints an external main supervisor, a co-supervisor from the Faculty must be appointed.

Co-supervisors are other academics who provide guidance and who share the academic responsibility for the PhD candidate with the main supervisor.

An external supervisor is a supervisor from another Faculty than that which the PhD candidate is admitted to, or who is from an institution other than the University of Bergen.

The impartiality requirements in Section 6 and following of the Public Administration Act apply to supervisors.

Section 6.2 Content of the supervision

The PhD candidate and supervisors should be in regular contact. The supervisor is responsible for following up on the candidate's academic development. The frequency of contact should be stated in the annual progress report, cf. Section 9.

Supervisors are required to keep up-to-date on the progress of the candidate's work and assess it in relation to the schedule in the project proposal, cf. Section 5.1.

Supervisors are required to follow up on academic issues that may lead to a delay in the completion of the PhD programme, so as to ensure that it can be completed within the standard time.

Supervisors are to give advice on formulating and delimiting the research topic and research questions, discuss and assess hypotheses and methods, discuss results and their interpretation, discuss the structure and completion of the presentation (including outline, linguistic form, documentation), and provide guidance on the academic literature and data, including in relation to libraries and archives. Supervisors must give the PhD candidate guidance in research ethics questions related to the thesis.

Section 6.3 Midway assessment

Each PhD candidate must undergo a midway assessment. The Faculty determines the time and form of the assessment, and may issue general guidelines. As a main rule, the midway assessment will include academic input from researchers within the PhD candidate's field and/or related fields.

As with the regular reporting, the purpose of the midway assessment is to help the PhD candidate by identifying issues that entail a risk of delaying the project or bringing it to a halt, and to offer input that improves the quality of the work. The Faculty, supervisor(s) and the PhD candidate are required to follow up actively on issues that entail a risk of delays or of a failure to complete the PhD education, to ensure that the programme as far as possible can be completed within the nominal timeframe.

Section 6.4 Conclusion of supervision

Provided that they are in agreement, the PhD candidate and the supervisor may request that the Faculty appoints a new supervisor for the candidate. The supervisor may not withdraw until a new supervisor has been appointed.

If a PhD candidate or supervisor finds that the other party is not complying with their obligations as specified in these regulations and in associated agreements, the party that claims that a breach has occurred is required to take this up with the other party. In the event of a conflict between a candidate and his/her supervisor, the parties shall jointly seek to find a solution to the situation that has arisen.

If, following discussion, the parties cannot reach agreement about how to solve the situation, the PhD candidate or supervisor may ask to be released from the supervision agreement. A request to be released from the supervision agreement must be sent to the Faculty, which may decide to release the PhD candidate and supervisor from the agreement.

In connection with this decision, the Faculty must ensure that the candidate signs a supervision agreement with a new supervisor.

The supervisor/supervisors and Faculty must, to the greatest extent possible, ensure that conflicts over rights and any other issues that may lead to conflict are addressed early on, so that a risk of delays in the PhD candidate's project does not arise.

Conflicts regarding the supervisors and the PhD candidate's academic rights and obligations may be brought by the parties to the Faculty in question for discussion and a decision. The Faculty's decision may be appealed to the Central Appeals Committee.

Section 7 Training component

Section 7.1 Purpose of the training component

The PhD training shall be structured in such a way that it can be completed within the nominal period of study.

The institution is responsible for ensuring that the training component, in combination with the thesis, provides an education at a high academic level in accordance with international standards, including the completion of a scientific work, training in academic dissemination and introduction to research ethics, academic theories and methods. Together with the research, the training is to help achieve the expected learning outcome in accordance with the qualifications framework.

If the institution does not itself offer the entire training component, conditions shall be put in place to ensure that the PhD candidate receives equivalent training from other institutions.

Section 7.2 Scope of the training component

The training component must correspond to at least 30 credits, with at least 20 credits being taken after admission. Any elements that are part of the training component should not be more than five (5) years old at the time of admission.

The training component must be completed and approved before the thesis is submitted. All elements that are included in the training component must be documented.

Section 7.3 Content of the training component

The training component of the PhD education must contain academic and methodological training which is appropriate to the work on the thesis and that qualifies candidates for occupations requiring advanced scientific insight. Additionally, the training component is to provide training in the dissemination of academic work to colleagues, students and the general public. The training component must include science theory and ethics with a scope of at least five (5) credits.

The Faculty is responsible for offering all PhD candidates training at a high academic level. If the Faculty does not itself organise the entire training component, it must enable the PhD candidate to receive equivalent training in other units/Faculties, or at another institution that provides approved doctoral training. Academic networks and research schools may be involved.

The training may be given in part as regular lectures/seminars and in part as shorter, intensive sessions, or in another form approved by the Faculty. In subjects in which no appropriate courses are offered, individual reading lists may be approved as part of the training. The PhD candidate may give academic presentations, seminars or lectures as part of the training component, thus gaining practice in academic dissemination. Popular scientific work that requires work effort at an equivalent or near equivalent level, may be approved as equivalent training in academic dissemination.

Everyone admitted to the PhD programme must complete the training component. Documentation showing that the PhD candidate has gained the necessary disciplinary knowledge is required. Such documentation must be produced through compulsory practical assignments, written or oral exams, lectures, teaching seminars or in the form of academic and/or popular scientific articles or in another form approved by the Faculty.

The Faculty may nevertheless excuse a candidate from participation in parts of the training programme when equivalent requirements have been fulfilled in another unit/Faculty or at another institution providing approved training. A candidate may also be excused in part or in whole from such participation if they can document other training or research experience that provides equivalent competency, such as research stays at another research institution, through academic networks or participation in national or international research courses and schools.

Section 8 The PhD candidate's rights in the event of a leave of absence

PhD candidates who are on parental leave from the PhD programme may during their leave still attend teaching and sit exams in topics and courses that are to be part of the candidate's training component, in accordance with Chapter 14, Section 14-10(4) of the National Insurance Act.

Section 9 Reporting

During the agreement period, the PhD candidate and main supervisor are to submit annual separate written reports describing the progress of the candidate's PhD education. The reports must be submitted to and approved by the Faculty or by other units to which the Faculty has delegated this responsibility.

The Faculty, supervisor(s) and the PhD candidate are required to actively follow up on issues that may entail a risk of delay or of failure to complete the PhD education, so as to ensure as far as possible that the education is completed within the nominal period of study.

The PhD candidate and supervisor have equal responsibility for submitting the required reports. A lack of, or inadequate progress reports, may lead to enforced termination of the PhD education before the end of the agreement period. Supervisors who fail to comply with their reporting duty may be relieved of their supervisory duties.

Section 10 The doctoral thesis Section 10.1 Thesis requirements

The thesis must be an independent, academic work that meets internationals standards, and must be at an advanced academic level in respect of the formulation of the research topic, conceptual clarification and methodical, theoretical and empirical rationale, as well as in respect of the documentation of sources and formal presentation. The thesis must be able to contribute to the development of new knowledge in the chosen field and must be of such quality as to qualify for publication as a part of the academic literature in the field

The thesis may be a free-standing work or a continuation of academic work completed at an earlier stage of the studies.

Several works may be approved as portions of a thesis if their content constitutes a whole. In addition to the individual parts, an abstract accounting for the thesis as a whole must then be prepared.

A work or parts of a work that the PhD candidate has previously had approved for a doctoral degree at a Norwegian or foreign university or university college may not be accepted for assessment even when the work is submitted in re-written form.

Section 10.2 Joint work

Joint work is accepted for assessment (including as one of several works, cf. Section 10.1), provided the PhD candidate's contribution represents an independent effort that can be identified to the extent necessary for the assessment. In such cases, statements must be obtained from the other authors, or their central representatives, and possibly from others involved in the work, in order to identify the contribution made by the doctoral candidate. Joint work should, as far as possible, be agreed upon in advance.

If a written work has been produced in collaboration with other authors, the PhD candidate must follow the norms for co-authorship that are generally accepted in their academic community and in accordance with international standards.

In theses that include work with multiple authors, a signed declaration that describes the PhD candidate's input in each work must be enclosed.

Section 10.3 Work not eligible for assessment

Work that has been approved as the basis for previously completed exams or degrees may not be accepted for assessment unless the work is included as a smaller section of a thesis that consists of multiple interrelated works. Data, analyses or methods from previous degrees may nevertheless be used as the basis for the work on the PhD project.

Published works may not be accepted as part of the thesis if they at the time of admission are older than five (5) years from the date of publishing. Dispensation from this requirement may be made in very extraordinary circumstances.

The thesis can only be submitted for assessment at one higher education institution, cf. Section 11.3.

Section 10.4 Language

The thesis must be written in English, Norwegian, Swedish or Danish. If the PhD candidate wishes to use a language other than these, an application to this effect must have been submitted and approved at the time of admission, cf. Section 5.1.

Section 10.5 Intellectual Property Rights

The University's Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) regulations (see "Reglement om handtering av ansattes rettigheter til forsknings- og arbeidsresultater ved Universitetet i Bergen" ['Regulations regarding the handling of employee rights to research and work results at the University of Bergen"]), adopted by the University Board in case 74/10 (01/12/2010) apply to everyone admitted as a PhD candidate to the PhD programme at the University of Bergen. If the PhD candidate is employed at an institution that has regulations that differ from those at UiB, then issues related to IPR and the regulation of rights between collaborating institutions must be formalized in an agreement.

As a starting point, whoever produces a research or work result has the rights to this unless otherwise stipulated in law, agreements or the "Regulations regarding the handling of employee rights to research and work results at the University of Bergen." The said Regulations include provisions on the statutory obligation to report research results that may commercial potential.

PART IV COMPLETION

Section 11 Assessment

Section 11.1 Basis for assessment

The PhD degree is awarded on the basis of:

- a. Approved completion of the training programme, alternatively other approved academic training or competence
- b. An approved academic thesis
- c. An approved trial lecture on a given topic and a satisfactory defence in a public disputation

Section 11.2 Time from submission to public defence

The institution must strive to ensure that the time from submission of the thesis to the defence is as short as possible. Normally, no more than five (5) months shall pass between submission and disputation.

It is the responsibility of the main supervisor to alert the Faculty to an imminent thesis submission, in order that the necessary preparations can begin.

Section 11.3 Submission, withdrawal

Applications for the assessment of PhD theses must be directed to the Faculty with which the candidate is affiliated. The required number of copies of the thesis, as determined by the Faculty, must be enclosed with the application. Documentation that the training component has been completed and approved, cf. Section 7.2, must be enclosed with the application. If the thesis is approved for a public defence, the number of copies required by the Faculty in question must be submitted in addition. The thesis must be submitted in a standard format and in the form (paper/electronic copy) stipulated by the Faculty.

A submitted work cannot be withdrawn before a final decision has been made about whether it is worthy of being defended for the PhD degree. The thesis will be evaluated as submitted.

The following must be enclosed with the application :

- The thesis in an approved format and in accordance with the institution's regulations, in the form and number of copies stipulated by the institution.
- Documentation of necessary permits, such as ethical clarifications, cf. Section 5.1(2).
- Declarations from co-authors where required pursuant to Section 10.2.
- Declaration that the PhD thesis is submitted for assessment for the first or second time
- Declaration that the PhD thesis has not been submitted for assessment at any other institution

The Faculty decides on applications for the assessment of the thesis. The Faculty may on an independent basis reject applications for the assessment of a thesis if it is evident that the thesis is not of a sufficiently high academic quality and will be rejected by a committee.

Applications that do not meet the requirements shall be refused.

Section 11.4 Appointment of the assessment committee

The Faculty is to appoint an expert assessment committee consisting of at least three members to assess the thesis and its defence. The department in question proposes committee members. The proposal should show how the committee as a whole covers the field(s) addressed in the thesis.

The Faculty appoints one of its representatives as chair of the committee. In special circumstances, the Faculty may appoint an administrative chair who does not participate in the academic assessment of the thesis. To the extent possible, two of the committee members should have no affiliation with UiB. At least one member should be from a foreign institution of higher education. The members must hold doctorates or equivalent academic competence. The gender of the PhD candidate should be represented on the committee. The committee shall normally be composed in such a manner that both genders are represented. The provisions on impartiality in Section 6 and following of the Public Administration Act apply to the members of the committee; see also Section 10 of the

The appointed supervisor may not be a member of the committee, but may if necessary be called for discussions in the committee in order to account for the supervision and the work on the thesis. The appointed supervisor also may not be the administrator of the committee's work or chair the public defence. However, this must not prevent collaboration on degrees with institutions that use a different system. Normally, no more than one month shall pass from the submission of the thesis until PhD candidate is notified of the composition of the committee. The PhD candidate shall be given the opportunity to submit written comments on the composition of the committee, at the latest one week after receiving notification of the proposed composition.

If a thesis is submitted in a revised version for a new assessment (see Section 12.5), at least one member of the original assessment committee should participate in the work of the new committee. In the event that the thesis has been revised on the basis of preliminary remarks from the committee (see Section 11.5 regarding revisions), the entire original committee shall as a general rule participate in the assessment.

The recommendation of the committee should normally be provided within three months of the committee having received the thesis.

Section 12 The committee's recommendation and the Faculty's procedures relating to the recommendation

Section 12.1 The committee's recommendation and the PhD candidate's remarks

The committee gives a substantiated recommendation by a deadline set by the Faculty (including any individual statements) on whether the thesis is worthy of being defended for the PhD degree. Any dissenting opinions must be substantiated. The committee may require the PhD candidate to present his or her data, as well as supplementary or clarifying further information.

The recommendation of the assessment committee and any dissenting opinions and individual statements must be sent to the Faculty, and must be forwarded to the PhD candidate as soon as possible. The candidate is given a deadline of ten (10) working days to present written remarks to the recommendation.

If the PhD candidate's remarks may have an impact on whether or not the thesis can be approved, the remarks should be submitted to the assessment committee before the Faculty makes a final decision in the case.

The assessment committee's recommendation; along with any remarks; will be considered by the Faculty Board or the body authorised by the Faculty Board.

Section 12.2 Correction of formal errors in the thesis

After submission, the PhD candidate may apply for permission to correct formal errors in the thesis. The application must include a complete overview of the errors (errata) which the candidate wishes to correct. Applications to correct formal errors must be submitted no later than four (4) weeks before the committee's deadline for submitting its recommendation, and may only be done once.

Section 12.3 The Faculty's processing of a unanimous recommendation

When so authorised, the Dean can approve a committee recommendation when it has unanimously concluded that the thesis is worthy of being defended for the PhD degree. If the Dean sees fit to present the recommendation to the Faculty Board, and if at least 2/3 or the Faculty Board members present find that there is reasonable doubt as to whether the thesis should be approved, the Faculty Board must obtain a clarification from the assessment committee. If such contact has not given or is not expected to give the desired explanation, the Faculty Board shall appoint two new experts who are to give individual statements about the

thesis. The PhD candidate must be notified of this appointment. Such additional or individual statements must be presented to the PhD candidate, who must be given the opportunity to comment by a specific deadline.

If 2/3 of the Faculty Board members present vote against the original recommendation, the Faculty Board may decide to go against the original recommendation even if the conclusion in the original recommendation is supported by one or both of the two new experts.

Section 12.4 The Faculty's processing of a non-unanimous recommendation

If there is dissent within the committee, the Faculty Board may without further assessment make a decision in the case on the basis of a 2/3 majority. If a 2/3 majority is not achieved, the Faculty Board must seek further clarification from the assessment committee, or, if such contact has not given or is not expected to give the desired clarification, the Faculty Board must appoint two new experts who must give individual statements about the thesis. The PhD candidate must be notified of this appointment. Such additional or individual statements must be presented to the PhD candidate, who must be given the opportunity to comment by a specific deadline.

If both of the newly appointed experts concur with the majority conclusion in the original recommendation, this recommendation shall be followed. If the opinion of the minority receives the support of one or both of the new experts, the Faculty Board may make a decision by a 2/3 majority vote.

Section 12.5 Resubmission

A thesis which was not approved at a previous assessment may be submitted for reassessment in a revised form, either as the only work or as one of several related works.

A thesis which is not approved for public defence may be submitted in a revised form no earlier than six (6) months after the institution made this decision. A new assessment can only be made once.

In the event of resubmission, the PhD candidate must clearly state that the work has been assessed previously and not found worthy of a public defence.

Section 12.6 The outcome of the processing

The doctoral candidate must be informed of the outcome of the process.

Section 12.7 Public availability

The thesis must at the latest be publicly available two weeks before the public defence is held. The thesis must be made available in the form in which it was submitted for assessment, alternatively as revised on the basis of the committee's preliminary remarks, cf. Section 11.5.

No restrictions may be imposed on the public availability or publishing of a PhD thesis, except in the event of a previously arranged delay in the date of public access. Such a delay may be permitted when the PhD education is partly or fully funded by an external party and in order for the external party to be given the opportunity to relate to patenting/commercialisation of, part C of the admission agreement. The external party may not require that the thesis in whole or in part be withheld from the public domain.

When publishing the thesis, the PhD candidate must comply with applicable guidelines for crediting institutions. The general rule is that an institution must be listed as the address in a publication if it has provided a necessary and significant contribution to, or basis for, an author's contribution to the published work. The same author must also list other institutions as an address if these in each instance satisfy the requirements for having contributed.

Section 12.8 Thesis abstract, press release

An abstract of the thesis must be prepared in English (1-3 pages), with the aim of making the thesis and its results known to national and international research communities. The abstract must be attached to the thesis.

The candidate must prepare a press release well in advance of the disputation, and submit it to the Faculty for approval. The press release must be prepared in accordance with the adopted template. The Faculty is responsible for sending the press release to the Division of Communication no later htan two weeks before the public defence.

The Faculty is responsible for informing the PhD candidates about the procedures related to the publication of the PhD thesis. Guidelines and examples of press releases are sent to the PhD candidate once the thesis has been approved.

Section 13 Trial lecture and public defence

The PhD programme concludes with

- a) An approved trial lecture on an assigned topic
- b) A public defence of the thesis (Disputation)

Section 13.1 Trial lecture

After the Faculty has found the thesis worthy of being defended, cf. Section 12.1, the PhD candidate must give a trial lecture. The trial lecture is an independent part of the examination for the PhD degree. The purpose is to test the candidate's ability to acquire knowledge beyond the topic of the thesis, and the ability to communicate it in a lecture setting. The trial lecture must be on an assigned topic. The topic of the trial lecture is set by the Faculty and advised to the candidate ten (10) days before the lecture.

The trial lecture is generally held at the University of Bergen and in the language of the thesis, unless the assessment committee approves another language.

The trial lecture is normally given after the thesis has been submitted, but before the public defence, and must be approved by an assessment committee appointed by the Faculty.

After the trial lecture, the assessment committee submits a report to the Faculty, giving its assessment of the trial lecture. The report shall conclude with a statement as to whether the trial lecture is approved or not approved. A justification must be given if the committee recommends that the trial lecture not be approved.

If the Faculty does not approve the trial lecture, a new trial lecture must be held. The new trial lecture must be given on a new topic, and no later than six (6) months after the first attempt. A new trial lecture may only be held once. To the extent possible, the lecture should be assessed by the same committee that assessed the first lecture, unless the institution decides otherwise.

Section 13.2 Public defence (disputation)

The public defence shall normally take place after the trial lecture has been given and approved, and within two (2) months of the institution having found the thesis worthy of being defended.

The time and place of the public defence must be announced to the public at least ten (10) working days in advance.

The lecture and public defence shall normally be given in Norwegian, English, Danish or Swedish. If the thesis is written in another language in accordance with Sections 5.1 and 10.4, the Faculty may permit the defence to be held in the language in question.

The defence must be public. There are normally to be two opponents. The two opponents must be members of the assessment committee and be appointed by the Faculty. In special cases, opponents who have not been members of the committee may be appointed.

The public defence is chaired by the Dean, or the person authorised by the Dean. Whoever chairs the defence provides a brief account of the submission and assessment of the thesis, and about the trial lecture and its assessment. Thereafter, the PhD candidate explains the purpose and result of the scientific enquiry. The first opponent opens the discussion and the second opponent concludes the opposition. Each Faculty may nevertheless stipulate a different order and division of tasks between the PhD candidate and the opponents. Any other persons present who wish to act as an ex auditorio opponent must give notice of this to the chair of the defence of this within the time specified by the chair.

After the public defence is concluded, the assessment committee submits a report to the faculty in which the committee explains its assessment of the defence of the thesis. The report shall conclude with a statement as to whether the public defence is approved or not approved. If the committee recommends that the defence should not be approved, a justification must be provided.

If the public defence is not approved, a new defence may be held once. A new defence may at the earliest be held after six (6) months, and as far as possible it should be assessed by the original committee. The defence must be found satisfactory before a diploma may be awarded.

Section 14 Conferment and diploma

The University Board confers the philosophiae doctor degree on the PhD candidate on the basis of the report that the trial lecture and disputation have been approved.

The diploma is issued by the institution. The diploma must state the title of the thesis for which the PhD degree was awarded. Information about the academic training programme the PhD candidate has participated in must be enclosed with the diploma. Further rules regarding the design of the diploma and other information to be included in the document and its enclosures (Diploma Supplement) may be issued.

Section 15 Diploma Supplement

An enclosure to the diploma shall be issued in accordance with applicable guidelines for the Diploma Supplement.

Section 16 Appeal

Appeal against rejection of an application for admission, decision on the termination of the right to study, appeal against a rejection of an application for the approval of elements in the training component

Rejections of applications for admission, decisions on the termination of the right to study and rejections of applications for approval of elements of the training component may be appealed in accordance with Section 28 and following of the Public Administration Act. The appeal must be sent to the Faculty, and must detail the grounds on which the rejection or decision is being appealed. If the rejection is upheld, the appeal must be sent without undue delay to the Central Appeals Committee for a decision.

Section 17 Appeal against exams in the training component

Examinations taken during the training component may be appealed pursuant to Sections 5.3 "Complaints regarding marks awarded" and 5.2 "Complaints against procedural errors in connection with examinations" of the Act of 1 April 2005 relating to universities and university colleges.

Section 18 Appeals against rejection of an application for assessment, rejection of a thesis, trial lecture or defence

A rejection of a thesis, trial lecture or defence may be appealed in accordance with the provisions of Section 28 and following of the Public Administration Act. The appeal must be sent to the Faculty, and must detail the grounds on which the rejection is being appealed. After the case has been presented to the assessment committee, the Faculty may set aside or amend the decision if it finds the appeal to have been substantiated. If the Faculty does not allow the appeal, the appeal is sent on to the Central Appeals Committee for a decision. The Appeals Committee may test all aspects of the appealed decision.

If the subsidiary body or the appeals body finds reason to do so, a committee or a number of individuals may be appointed to evaluate the assessment that has been made and the criteria the assessment was based on, or to perform a new or supplementary expert assessment.

Section 19 Joint degrees and cotutelle agreements

Section 19.1 Joint degrees and cotutelle agreements

The institution may enter into a collaboration with one or more Norwegian or foreign institutions to collaborate on joint degrees or cotutelle agreements.

In joint degree and cotutelle agreements, exceptions from the provisions can be made if necessitated by the collaborating institutions' regulations. Such exceptions must, both individually and jointly, be fully justifiable; see also Section 19.4.

Section 19.2 Joint degrees and joint degree agreements

"Joint degree" is understood as a collaboration between multiple institutions in which they all have joint responsibility for admission, supervision and the awarding of degrees. The collaboration is normally organised in a consortium and regulated by an agreement between the consortium members. For completed joint degrees, a joint diploma is issued in the form of:

- a) a diploma issued by all consortium members
- b) a diploma from each consortium member, or a combination of a) and b).

Joint degree agreements shall normally only be entered into if there is an already established and stable academic collaboration between the university and at least one of the other consortium members. The Board adopts guidelines for joint degree collaborations, including templates for collaboration agreements, cf. the first paragraph.

Section 19.3 Cotutelle agreement s

"Cotutelle agreement" is understood as a joint supervision of PhD candidates and collaboration on the training of PhD candidates A cotutelle agreement is entered into for each PhD candidate and should be built on a stable, academic institutional collaboration.

Section 19.4 Joint degree and cotutelle requirements

No exemptions may be made from qualification requirements for admission, requirements that the thesis shall be publicly available, and requirements regarding a public defence with an impartial assessment committee.

Section 20 Delegation

Faculty authority pursuant to these Regulations cannot be delegated to the departmental level, unless explicitly stated in the Regulations.

Section 21 Entry into force

The Regulations enter into force immediately, and the Regulations for the philosophiae doctor (PhD) degree at the University of Bergen adopted by the University Board on 12/06/2003 are simultaneously repealed.

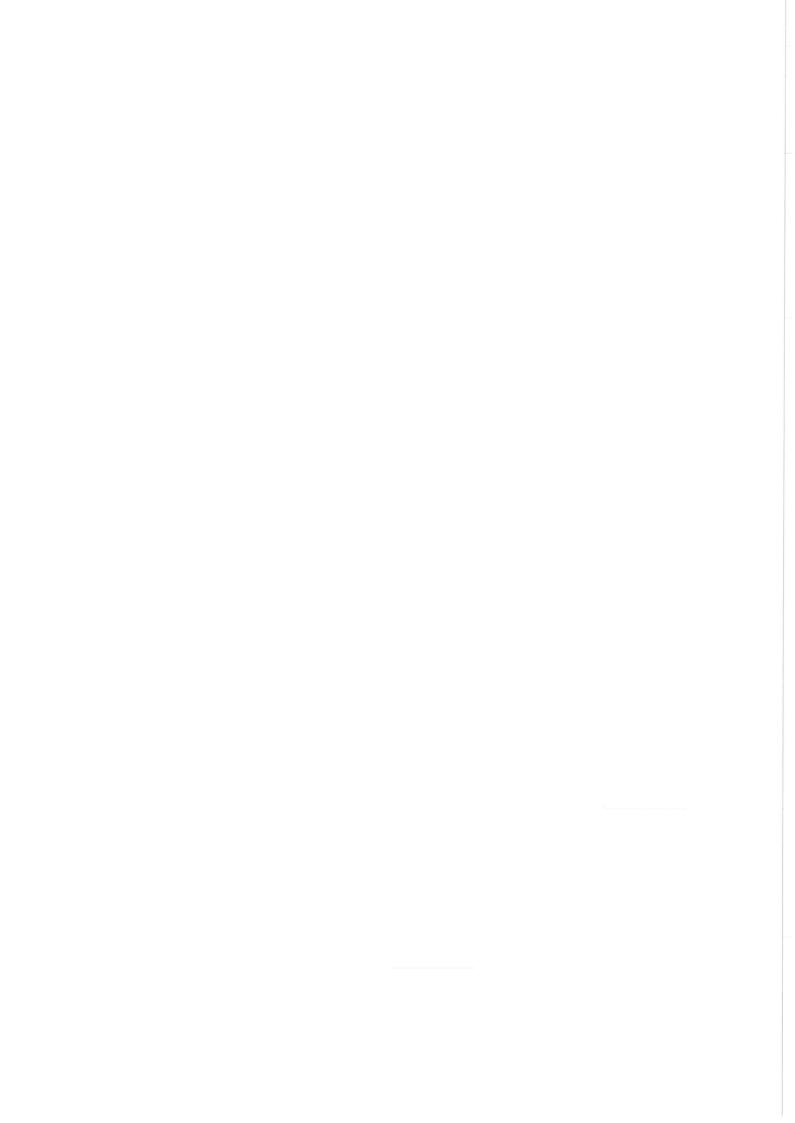
Section 22 Transitional provisions

Whosoever is admitted to the University of Bergen in accordance with the Regulations for the philosophiae doctor (PhD) degree at the University of Bergen adopted by the University Board on 12/06/2003 at the time these Regulations come into force, maintains the rights that follow from the previous Regulations when this is advantageous.

Show revision history

Date	Comment	Entered by
Monday 04 November 2013 11:00:56 am	Mindre redaksjonell endring.	Maud Hansen
Thursday 10 October 2013 2:54:59 pm	Oversatt versjon av den nye forskriften lagt ut.	Maud Hansen
Tuesday 09 July 2013 11:45:29 am	Utdatert engelsk versjon fjernet.	Bente Kross0y
Thursday 04 July 2013 2:25:53 pm	1	Mona Viks0y
Tuesday 02 July 201310:43:16 am		Mona Viks0y
Monday 20 August 2012 11:47:35 am		Bente Kross0y
Wednesday 02 March 2011 3:57:34 pm		Bente Kross0y
Wednesday 02 March 2011 3:33:53 pm		Bente Kross0y
e7 Publish™ convright@ 1000-2013 el	Systems AS	

eZ Publish™ copyright© 1999-2013 el Systems AS





Information concerning the completion of the doctoral programme and the defence - PhD degree

Dear doctoral candidate,

We are pleased on your behalf that you have come to the point of submitting your thesis. In this letter you will find information about the trial lecture and defence as well as practical information about your duties during the final phase of the doctoral programme and the defence of your thesis. Please find enclosed the relevant documents with more detailed information.

THE EVALUATION REPORT

Please find enclosed the signed version of the form "Information regarding evaluation of a doctoral thesis", which confirms that the proposed evaluation committee for your thesis has been approved. Your thesis has now been sent to the committee for evaluation. The committee normally submits an evaluation report to the faculty within five weeks of its appointment, and no later than three weeks before the planned defence. The faculty will forward the report to you as soon as it has received it, giving you an opportunity to submit written comments on the report within two weeks. Please see the enclosed relevant regulations

THE TRIAL LECTURE

A trial lecture on a given topic must be given and passed before the defence can be held.

The topic for the trial lecture is decided by the faculty on the recommendation of the department or the evaluation committee, and it will be announced to you 10 working days prior to the lecture. The objective of the trial lecture is to test your scientific maturity, and the topic should therefore be outside the subject area of your thesis. Furthermore, you should demonstrate your ability to make good use of both the material and the time available. The lecture should last for 45 minutes, opening for questions from the audience afterwards. Please see the enclosed relevant regulations.

PRESS RELEASE

The faculty requests you to compose and send a press release to us as soon as possible. In order to avoid delay, please note the following:

Send the press release by e-mail in word-format to: disputas@mnfa.uib.no, no later than 3 weeks before the planned defence.

The press release is aimed at journalists, news desks and the general public. It is therefore important that both text and title are easy to understand. If the press release is to be read and attract media attention, the following points should be taken into consideration:

- The title must be short and catchy, and capture the essence of the dissertation. The title of the press release should not be a translation of the title of the thesis)
- **Contents:** A brief summary of the thesis in popularised form, that should be understandable without previous knowledge of the topic
- Begin with the most important points: conclusions and research results.
- Explain the results of the research and possible practical consequences.
- Write simply, avoid complicated terminology. Imagine that the reader is an informed, curious teenager and write accordingly.
- Ensure that you include all practical information, and that the information is correct.
- Personal information: When and where you were born, when and where you took your master's degree (or equivalent)
- Contact information: name and e-mail (phonenumber) to you, or the person serving as contact person for the work
- NB! The press release must always be written in Norwegian.

The press release should include:

- **Title:** Short and catchy (max 60 characters including space)
- NN presents his dissertation on dd.mm.yyyy for PhD at the University of Bergen:
- "Title"
- **Body text:** Brief summary of the dissertation (max 2000 characters including space)
- **Personalia:** Information about the candidate (max 500 characters including space)
- Time and place of eventual trial lecture: dd.mm.yyyy, cl. xx.xx, place/address.
- Given topic or selected topic.
- Time and place for dissertation: dd.mm.yyyy, cl. xx.xx, place/address
- Contact info: first name, surname, telephone number and email.

For further information, please see the enclosed template and *Medieråd til forskere*. See also press releases on the web: http://www.uib.no/info/dr_grad/. The following website also contains tips: http://www.uib.no/foransatte/87899/utforming-of-doktorgradspressemeldinger. There will be a link from the press release to the thesis in BORA.

The faculty also asks that you together with the press release submit a short summary in Norwegian (2-3 sentences) of what your research is about. This summary will be presented by the Dean during the Doctoral degree ceremony taking place each semester in The University Aula.

An example:

"I avhandlingen undersøkes det hvordan effekter i havet og høye luftlag kan påvirke varigheten og syklusen til bestemte værtyper i Europa og nærliggende områder. Studiet viser at sjøtemperaturvariasjoner i Golfstrømmen bidrar til å gi sammenhengende perioder med enten milde og våte eller kalde og tørre vintre i Nord-Europa."

Photo:

The portrait photograph for the press release can be taken at the Communication and Media Centre at the following times:

Tuesday 12:00 - 15:00

Thursday 12:00 - 15:00

To make an appointment, call the Communication and Media Centre tel: 55 586 900, or Jan Kåre Wilhelmsen tel: 55 582 540, email: Jan.Wilhelmsen@uib.no

If you supply your own photograph, the minimum requirements are as follows: 301 (W) x 388 (H) pixels, resolution 170 dpi. The picture can either be in colour or black/white, and should be sent as a separate electronic attachment (not as part of a word doc). If you supply your own photography, please also enclose the name of the photographer as this photography will be used in the UiB press photo archive. If you do not wish that this photography shall be used for other purposes than your defence press release, please specify this when you submit your press release.

The press release is sent out on the UiB press list approx. 1 week before the dissertation. If you wish to have the press release printed in specific newspapers, please inform us in the email when you send the press release. The Communication and Media Centre will send the press release to most of the larger newspapers locally and nationally. Please note that the newspapers may edit and cut the headline and text when they publish the press release.

The press release will be published on UiB web pages here: http://www.uib.no/info/dr_grad/.

The University will also use the press release in connection with the official promotion of new doctores, when printing the booklet "Nye Doctores".

PRINTING OF THE DOCTORAL THESIS

The University of Bergen has an agreement with *AiT AS* (www.ait.no/uib) for the production of doctoral theses. The agreement includes a template for the thesis, assigning of an ISBN number, the production of the thesis and delivery of the thesis to the National Library and the University of Bergen Library. For information about the agreement, please see the enclosed document "About the production of doctoral theses at the University of Bergen".

The University Library encourages you to publish an electronic version of your thesis in Bergen Open Research Archive (BORA), www.bora.uib.no. BORA is an open institutional research archive for Bergen where employees and students can make their research publicly available on the internet. If a thesis is printed by AiT, the University Library automatically receives an electronic copy. Doctoral candidates who have not had their theses printed by AiT, but who want to publish them in BORA, must send a digital copy to the University Library: bora@uib.no

BEFORE THE DEFENCE

The leader of the evaluation committee informs the faculty about the **date**, **time and location** of the public defence. About one week before the defence, the Faculty will send an **announcement for the defence** to you and all the departments at our faculty.

DEFENCE PROCEDURE

It is very important that you carefully read the enclosed document "Procedure for the defence of doctoral theses at the Faculty of Mathematics and Natural Sciences" and the enclosed relevant regulations.

DOCTORAL DIPLOMA

After the defence the Faculty of Mathematics and natural Sciences will send you a letter notifying that you have been awarded the doctoral degree. You will receive the doctoral diploma at the official promotion of new doctores in August, January or April/May. A separate invitation will be sent to you in due course.

Enclosed in the letter with the evaluation report you will find a **form** with a request for contact information in the period after the defence. We kindly ask you to fill in this form and return it as soon as possible.

If you have any questions, please contact the Faculty of Mathematics and Natural Sciences, tel. 55 58 34 88 or disputas@mnfa.uib.no

The Faculty wishes you good luck with the completion of the PhD programme!

Yours sincerely

Eli N. Høie Head of section

> Birthe Gjerdevik Senior executive officer

This document has been electronically approved and therefore has no handwritten signatures

Please find enclosed:

• Documentation of the approved evaluation committee (signed form: *Information regarding evaluation of a doctoral thesis*)

Links:

- Regulations for the doctoral degree (PhD) at the University of Bergen
 http://regler.app.uib.no/regler_en/Part-2-Research-Education-Dissemination/2.1

 Research/2.1.1-Administrasjon-av-forskerutdanning/REGULATIONS-FOR-THE PHILOSOPHIAE-DOCTOR-PhD-DEGREE-AT-THE-UNIVERSITY-OF-BERGEN
- *Medieråd til forskere* English: http://www.uib.no/en/foremployees/51681/media-advice-researchers

Norsk: http://www.uib.no/foransatte/17410/medier%c3%a5d-til-forskere

Template for press releases

English: http://www.uib.no/en/foremployees/95017/doctorate-press-release

Norsk: http://www.uib.no/foransatte/87899/utforming-av-doktorgradspressemeldinger

"About the production of doctoral theses at the University of Bergen"
English: http://kapd.h.uib.no/profilmanual/99LastNed/files/doktorgrader/Prod-Doktorgrader_en.pdf

Norsk: http://kapd.h.uib.no/profilmanual/99LastNed/files/doktorgrader/Prod-Doktorgrader no.pdf

 Procedure for the defence of doctoral theses at the Faculty of Mathematics and Natural Sciences, UiB
 <u>procedure-for-the-defence-of-doctoral-thesis-at-the-faculty-of-mathematics-and-natural-sciences.pdf</u>