

2009/10 Survey: International Standard Mandatory Questionnaire



Introduction

This document contains the mandatory questions for the 2009/10 HBSC survey round in English. Each question is presented along with its variable name and brief description.



Demographics

Gen	der										
Varia	ıble nam	e: sex									
	Are yo	ou a boy o	r a girl?								
	1	Boy									
	2	Girl									
Grad	de										
	What c	lass are y	ou in?								
	1	Count	ry specif	ic Grade	(11 years	s old)					
	2	Count	ry specif	ic Grade	(13 year	s old)					
	3	Count	ry specif	ic Grade	(15 year	s old)					
Age											
Varia	ıble nam	es: month yearbi									
	What	month w	ere you	born?							
Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	June	July	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec
	What	year wer	e you bo	rn?							
1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998				



Health Behaviours

Eating habits

Breakfast consumption

Description: A measure on frequency of breakfast consumption in order to identify those who regularly skip this meal, which is generally traditionally considered an important factor in a healthy lifestyle. Skipping breakfast has been associated with other health compromising behaviours, such as substance use and reduced cognitive functioning. The question is split between weekdays and weekends to identify those who skip breakfast on a school day.

Variable names: breakfastwd breakfastwe

	How often do you usually have <u>breakfast</u> (more than a glass of milk or fruit juice)?						
	Please tick one box for weekdays and one box for weekend						
	<u>Weekdays</u>		Weekend				
1	I never have breakfast during weekdays	1	I never have breakfast during the weekend				
2	One day	2	l usually have breakfast on only one day of the weekend (Saturday OR Sunday)				
3	Two days	3	I usually have breakfast on both weekend				
4	Three days	3	days (Saturday AND Sunday)				
5	Four days						
6	Five days						

Source: HBSC survey 2002.



Food consumption frequency

Description: These four items represent broad indicators of healthy (fruit and vegetables) and unhealthy (sweets and soft drinks) food consumption.

Variable names: fruits

vegetables sweets softdrinks

How many times a week do you usually eat or drink ?							
Please tick one	box for ea	ach line					
	1) Never	<i>2)</i> Less than once a	<i>3)</i> Once a week	<i>4)</i> 2-4 days a week	<i>5)</i> 5-6 days a week	<i>6)</i> Once a day, every	<i>7)</i> Every day, more
1. Fruits		week				day	than once
2. Vegetables							
3. Sweets (candy or chocolate)							
4. Coke or other soft drinks that contain sugar							

SOURCE: HBSC surveys 1985/06, 1989/90, 1993/94, 1997/98, 2001/02 (revised: response categories expanded; 'raw' and 'cooked' vegetables merged into 'vegetables').



Weight Control & Body Image

Description: This item identifies those who are currently engaging in some form of behaviour in order to lose weight.

Variable name: ondiet

At pre	At present are you on a diet or doing something else to lose weight?					
1	No, my weight is fine					
2	No, but I should lose some weight					
3	No, because I need to put on weight					
4	Yes					
SOURCE: HBSC surveys 1993/94, 1997/988, 2001/02 (revised: definition was expanded to include						

SOURCE: HBSC surveys 1993/94, 1997/988, 2001/02 (revised: definition was expanded to include 'doing something else'; response category 3 was added).

Body image

Description: This item examines perceived body size in order to identify those who are dissatisfied with their body weight.

Variable name: thinkbody

Do yo	u think your body is?
1	Much too thin
2	A bit too thin
3	About the right size
4	A bit too fat
5	Much too fat

SOURCE: HBSC surveys 1993/4, 1997/98, 2001/02 (revised: response category 'I don't think about it' was removed).



Height & weight (BMI)

Description: Height and weight is used to calculate Body Mass Index (BMI), which is used to determine those who are overweight or obese.

Variable names: bodyweight bodyheight

How much do you weigh without clothes?
, ,
How tall are you without shoes?

SOURCE: HBSC surveys 1997/98 (optional package), 20021/02 (mandatory).

Oral health

Description: A basic measure on frequency of tooth-brushing. The commonly accepted recommendation for tooth-brushing is twice a day.

Variable name: toothbr

Н	How often do you brush your teeth?				
1		More than once a day			
2		Once a day			
3		At least once a week but not daily			
4		Less than once a week			
5		Never			

SOURCE: HBSC surveys 1985/86, 1989/90, 1993/94, 1997/98, 2001/02. Status for 2005/06: Unchanged.



Physical Activity

Moderate-to-Vigorous Physical Activity (MVPA)

Description: A measure of weekly moderate-to-vigorous physical activity. It was been used to identify those who meet the current international guidelines for physical activity of one hour or more of at least moderate intensity on five or more days a week. As indicated in the question definition text, the focus is on the <u>total amount</u> of activity undertaken and therefore includes all types of activity undertaken both in and out of school hours.

Variable name: physact60

Physical activity is any activity that increases your heart rate and makes you get out of breath some of the time.									
Physical activity ca	Physical activity can be done in sports, school activities, playing with friends, or walking to school.								
Some examples of physical activity are running, brisk walking, rollerblading, biking, dancing, skateboarding, swimming, soccer, basketball, football, & surfing. [COUNTRY SPECIFIC EXAMPLES CAN BE GIVEN]									
For this next ques	For this next question, <u>add up</u> all the time you spent in physical activity each day.								
Over the <u>past 7 days</u> , on how many days were you physically active for a total of at least <u>60 minutes</u> per day?									
0 days	1	2	3	4	5	6	7 days		

SOURCE: Prochaska JJ, Sallis JF, Long B. (2001). A physical activity screening measure for use with adolescents in primary care. *Archives of Paediatrics & Adolescent Medicine*. 155: 554-559. Adapted for use in HBSC survey 2001/02.



Vigorous Physical Activity (VPA)

much that you get out of breath or sweat?

Description: A two-item measure of the frequency and duration of vigorous physical activity undertaken as a recreational/leisure pursuit outside of school hours.

OUTSIDE SCHOOL HOURS: How OFTEN do you usually exercise in your free time so

Variable names: timeexce hourexce

1	Every day
2	4 to 6 times a week
3	2 to 3 times a week
4	Once a week
5	Once a month
6	Less than once a month
7	Never
SOURCE: HBSC	surveys 1985/86, 1989/90, 1993/94, 1997/98, 2001/02 (optional).
	DE SCHOOL HOURS: How many HOURS a week do you usually exercise in your me so much that you get out of breath or sweat?
	ne so much that you get out of breath or sweat?
	ne so much that you get out of breath or sweat? None
	None About half an hour
	None About 1 hour

SOURCE: HBSC surveys 1985/86, 1989/90, 1993/94, 1997/98. 2001/02 (optional).



Leisure time activity

Television use

Description: A measure of the hours a day spent watching television as an indicator of, for example, sedentary activity.

Variable names: tvwd tvwe

	About how many hours a day do you usually watch television (including DVDs and videos) in your free time?						
Please ti	Please tick one box for weekdays and one box for weekend						
,	Weekdays		Weekend				
1	None at all	1	None at all				
2	About half an hour a day	2	About half an hour a day				
3/	About 1 hour a day	3	About 1 hour a day				
4	About 2 hours a day	4	About 2 hours a day				
5/	About 3 hours a day	5	About 3 hours a day				
6/	About 4 hours a day	6	About 4 hours a day				
7	About 5 hours a day	7	About 5 hours a day				
8	About 6 hours a day	8	About 6 hours a day				
9	About 7 or more hours a	9	About 7 or more hours a day				

SOURCE: HBSC surveys 1985/86, 1989/90, 1993/94, 1997/98, 2001/02 (*Revised: weekday/weekend split introduced; response categories expanded; 'videos' included*).



Computer use

Description: These items measure hours a day spent using a computer and playing electronic games during the week and at weekends in students' free time.

Variable names: playgamewd

playgamewe compusewd

About how many hours a day do you usually play games on a computer or games console (Playstation, Xbox, GameCube etc.) in your free time?							
Please tick one box for <u>weekdays</u> and one box for <u>weekend</u>							
Weekdays	Weekend						
1 None at all	1 None at all						
² About half an hour a day	2 About half an hour a day						
3 About 1 hour a day	3 About 1 hour a day						
4 About 2 hours a day	4 About 2 hours a day						
5 About 3 hours a day	5 About 3 hours a day						
6 About 4 hours a day	6 About 4 hours a day						
About 5 hours a day	About 5 hours a day						
8 About 6 hours a day	8 About 6 hours a day						
About 7 or more hours a day	9 About 7 or more hours a day						



Ab b b d d	
internet, emailing, homework etc. ii	u usually use a computer for chatting on-line, n your free time?
Please tick one box for weekdays and	one box for <u>weekend</u>
<u>Weekdays</u>	Weekend
¹ None at all	1 None at all
2 About half an hour a day	² About half an hour a day
3 About 1 hour a day	3 About 1 hour a day
About 2 hours a day	4 About 2 hours a day
5 About 3 hours a day	5 About 3 hours a day
6 About 4 hours a day	6 About 4 hours a day
About 5 hours a day	About 5 hours a day
8 About 6 hours a day	8 About 6 hours a day
About 7 or more hours a day	⁹ About 7 or more hours a day
SOURCE: HBSC 1990, 1994, 1998, 2002 (revised: weekday/weekend split introduced; definition in bro	
Risk Behaviour	
Tobacco use: ever smoked	
Description: A measure of the prevalence of tob	bacco use among participating students.

Variable name: triedsmoke

Have	you ever smoked tobacco? (At least one cigarette, cigar or pipe)
1	Yes
2	No

SOURCE: HBSC 1986, 1990, 1994,1998, 2002.



Tobacco use: current smoking

Description: A measure of the frequency of tobacco use.

Variable name: smoking

How o	often do you smoke tobacco at present?
1	Every day
2	At least once a week, but not every day
3	Less than once a week
4	I do not smoke

SOURCE: HBSC 1986, 1990, 1994,1998, 2002.



Alcohol use

Variable names: beer

4.

5-7.

8.

Alcohol consumption frequency

spirits

Description: A measure of the frequency with which adolescents currently consume alcohol. The item on 'Alcopops' concerns beverages that are categorised as 'Flavoured Alcoholic Beverages' (FABs) by the drinks industry, and includes both 'pre-mixed' and 'designer' drinks. The addition of this item acknowledges the growth in popularity of these drinks amongst young people over the past ten years.

	alcopops otheralco					
	At present, how often do you de like[Country specific examples country a small amount.	-			-	
	Please tick one box for each line					
		Every day	Every week	Every month	Rarely	Never
1.	Beer					
2.	Wine					
3.	Spirits / Liquor					

SOURCE: HBSC 1986, 1990, 1994,1998, 2002

Any other drink that contains

Alcopops (i.e. Smirnoff Ice, Bacardi Breezer, Mike's Hard,

National drinks categories

(maximum of three)

Lemonade)

alcohol



Drunkenness

Description: A measure of lifetime drunkenness.

Variable name: drunk

Have you ever had so much alcohol that you were really drunk?						
1	No, never					
2	Yes, once					
3	Yes, 2-3 times					
4	Yes, 4-10 times					
5	Yes, more than 10 times					

SOURCE: HBSC 1986, 1990, 1994, 1998, 2002

Age of onset of smoking, alcohol consumption and drunkenness: 15 year olds only

Description: A measure of the age of initiation into smoking, drinking alcohol and drunkenness.

Variable names: agealco

agedrunk agecigarette

At what age o If there is som	-		_	_	/er' catego	ry.	
	1) Never	<i>2)</i> 11 or less	<i>3)</i> 12	<i>4)</i> 13	<i>5)</i> 14	<i>6)</i> 15	<i>7)</i> 16 or older
Drink alcohol (more than a small amount)							
Get drunk							
Smoke a cigarette (more than a puff)							

SOURCE: HBSC 2002



Alcohol and tobacco: last 30 days use

Description: A measure of the frequency of smoking, drinking alcohol and drunkenness during the previous 30 days.

Note: This is a new mandatory question for the 2009/10 survey.

On how many 30 days? Pleas		_	_	done the	following t	hings in tl	ne last
-	1)	2)	3)	4)	5)	6)	7)
	Never	1-2	3 – 5	6-9	10-19	20-39	40 or
		times	times	times	times	times	more
Smoked cigarettes							
Drunk alcohol							
Been drunk							

SOURCE: HBSC 2001/02. Revised in 2005/06

Cannabis use: for 15 year olds only

Variable names: cannabisltm cannabis12m cannabis30d

Have you ever Please tick one		_	SERT APPI	ROPRIATE C	OUNTRY SPE	CIFIC NAM	ES?
	1)	2)	3)	4)	5)	<i>6)</i>	7)
	Never	Once or twice	3 to 5 times	6 to 9 times	10 to 19 times	20 to 39 times	40 times or more
1. In your life							
2. In the last 12 months							
2. In the last 30 days							

SOURCE: ESPAD (European School Survey Project on Alcohol & other Drugs, 1995); HBSC 2002 (items 1 & 2)



Sexual health: 15 year olds only

Prevalence of sexual intercourse

Description: A measure of the prevalence of sexual intercourse among 15 year olds.

Variable name: hadsex

•	Have you ever had sexual intercourse (sometimes this is called "making love," "having sex," or "going all the way" or other appropriate colloquial terms)?					
1	Yes					
2	No					

SOURCE: Youth Risk Behaviour Survey (YRBS), CDC; HBSC 2002

Age of first sexual intercourse

Description: A measure of the age at which sexual intercourse first took place.

Variable name: agesex

How old	were you when you had sexual intercourse for the first time?
1	I have never had sexual intercourse
2	11 years old or younger
3	12 years old
4	13 years old
5	14 years old
6	15 years old
7	16 years old 17 years or older

SOURCE: YRBS; HBSC 2002



Contraception use to prevent pregnancy

Description: A measure of contraception used at the last experience of sexual intercourse. This question and the following item on condom use (M27 below) aim to measure separately the methods used to prevent pregnancy and to prevent sexually transmitted diseases. Cognitive testing during the development of these on contraceptive use (by the YRBS) showed that asking the questions separately helps to ensure that respondents adequately consider what actions they took on both counts.

Variable names: contraceptnever

contraceptnomet contraceptpill contraceptcondom contraceptwithdraw contraceptother contraceptnotsure

The last time you had sexual intercourse, what	method(s) did you or your partner
use to prevent pregnancy? Mark all that apply	
I have never had sexual intercourse	Go to the next question
No method was used to prevent pregnancy	Go to the next question
	Yes No
Birth control pills	
Condoms	
Withdrawal	
(National choice options may be inserted here)	
Some other method	
Not sure	

SOURCE: YRBS (adapted); HBSC 2002



Condom use

Description: A measure of condom use at last intercourse in order to estimate those at risk from STIs (sexually transmitted infections).

Variable name: condomuse

The last	The last time you had sexual intercourse, did you or your partner use a condom?							
1	I have never had sexual intercourse							
2	Yes							
3	No							

SOURCE: YRBS; HBSC 2002

Injuries, Fighting and Bullying

Injuries

Description: A measure of the frequency of significant injuries during the previous 12 months. In order to distinguish from minor injuries that are a common occurrence amongst young people a significant injury is here defined as one that requires medical attention.

Variable name: injured12m

Many young people get hurt or injured from activities such as playing sports or fighting with others at different places such as the street or home. Injuries can include being poisoned or burned. Injuries do not include illnesses such as Measles or the Flu. The following questions are about injures you may have had during the past 12 months.							
	During the past 12 months, how many times were you injured and had to be treated by a doctor or nurse?						
1		I was not injured in the past 12 months					
2		1 time					
3		2 times					
4		3 times					
5		4 times or more					

SOURCE: HBSC 1994; 1998 (optional package); 2002 (mandatory).



Fighting

Description: A measure of aggression and violence assessed through the frequency of physical fighting in the previous 12 months.

Variable name: fight12m

During	the past 12 months, how many times were you in a physical fight?
1	I have not been in a physical fight in the past 12 months
2	1 time
3	2 times
4	3 times
5	4 times or more

SOURCE: Brener ND, Collins JL, Kann L, Warren CW, Williams BI. Reliability of the youth risk behavior survey questionnaire. *Am J Epidemiol.* 1995;141:575-580; HBSC 2002



Bullying

Description: Two measures of the frequency of being bullied and bullying others at school. 'Bullying' is the assertion of interpersonal power through aggression. It has been defined as negative physical or verbal actions that have hostile intent, cause distress to victims, are repeated over time, and involve a power differential between bullies and their victims.

Here are some questions about bullying. We say a student is BEING BULLIED when another student, or a group of students, say or do nasty and unpleasant things to him or her. It is also

Variable names: beenbullied bulliedothers

Several times a week

Being bullied

bullying when a student is teased repeatedly in a way he or she does not like or when he or she is deliberately left out of things. But it is NOT BULLYING when two students of about the same strength or power argue or fight. It is also not bullying when a student is teased in a friendly and playful way.

How often have you been bullied at school in the past couple of months?

I have not been bullied at school the past couple of months

It has only happened once or twice

2 or 3 times a month

About once a week

SOURCE: Olweus, D, 1996: The revised Olweus Bully/Victim Questionnaire. Mimeo. HEMIL, University of Bergen, N-5015 Bergen, Norway; HBSC 2002



Bullying others

	How often have you taken part in bullying another student(s) at school in the past couple of months?						
1	I have not bullied another student(s) at school in the past couple of months						
2	It has only happened once or twice						
3	2 or 3 times a month						
4	About once a week						
5	Several times a week						

SOURCE: Olweus, D, 1996: The revised Olweus Bully/Victim Questionnaire. Mimeo. HEMIL, University of Bergen, N-5015 Bergen, Norway; HBSC 2002



Family

Family structure

Description: A measure of family structure and household composition.

Variable names: motherhome1

fatherhome1 stepmohome1 stepfahome1 grandmohome1 grandfahome1 fosterhome1 elsehome1 brothershome1 sistershome1

All families are different (for example, not everyone lives with both their parents, sometimes people live with just one parent, or they have two homes or live with two families) and we would like to know about yours. Please answer this first question for the home where you live all or most of the time and tick the people who live there.

tick th	e people who live there.	
	<u>Adults</u>	<u>Children</u>
1	Mother	Please say how many brothers and sisters live here
2	Father	(including half, step or foster brothers and sisters). Please write in the number or write 0 (zero) if there
3	Stepmother (or father's girlfriend)	are none.
4	Stepfather (or mother's boyfriend)	How many brothers?
5	Grandmother	How many sisters?
6	Grandfather	
7	I live in a foster home or children's home	
8	Someone or somewhere else: please write it down	

HBSC 2009/10 Survey: International Standard Version of the Mandatory Questionnaire



Variable names: havehome2
stayhome2
motherhome2
fatherhome2
stepmohome2
stepfahome2
grandmohome2
grandfahome2
fosterhome2
elsehome2
brothershome2
sistershome2

_		another home or another family, su ed or divorced?	ch as the case when your parents are
1	No -	GO TO QUESTION XX	
2	Yes .	\neg	
	How	often do you stay there?	
	1	Half the time	
	2	Regularly but less than half the time	
		Sometimes Hardly ever	
		Please tick the people who live ther	
	<u>Adult</u>		<u>Children</u>
	1	Mother	Please say how many brothers and sisters live here
	2	Father	(including half, step or foster brothers and sisters). Please write in the number or write 0 (zero) if there
	3	Stepmother (or father's girlfriend)	are none.
	4	Stepfather (or mother's boyfriend)	How many brothers?
	5	Grandmother	How many sisters?
	6	Grandfather	
	7	live in a foster home or children's home	
	8	Someone or somewhere else: please	write it down



Family communication

Description: A measure of communication with family members and friends as an indicator of the quality of relationships.

Variable names: talkfather talkstepfa talkmother talkstepmo talkbrother talksister

How easy is it for you to to you? Please tick one box for		owing perso	ons about th	ings that re	ally botner
	1)	2)	3)	4)	5)
	very easy	easy	difficult	very difficult	don't have or see this person
1. Father					
2. Stepfather (or mother's boyfriend)					
3. Mother					
4. Stepmother (or father's girlfriend)					
5. Elder brother (s)					
6. Elder sister (s)					
7. Best friend					
8. Friends of the same sex					
9. Friends of the opposite sex					

SOURCE: HBSC 1986, 1990, 1994,1998, 2002.



Peers

Number of close friends

Description: A measure of the size and gender of the student's friendship group
Variable names: malefriends
femalefriend

At present, how	w many <u>close</u> male and fema	le frien	ds do you have?
Please tick one b	ox each column		
	<u>Males</u>		<u>Females</u>
1	None	1	None
2	One	2	One
3	Two	3	Two
4	Three or more	4	Three or more

SOURCE: HBSC 1994,1998, 2002 (revised)

Peer contact frequency (after school)

Description: A measure of frequency of contact with friends after school.

Variable name: friendsafternoon

How many school?	How many days a week do you usually spend time with friends right after school?					
0 days	1	2	3	4	5	6

SOURCE: HBSC 1986, 1990, 1994, 1998 , 2002 (revised: response categories adjusted to match that of evening contact with peers)



Peer contact frequency (evenings)

Description: A measure of frequency of contact with friends in the evening.

Variable name: friendsevening

How	How many evenings per week do you usually spend out with your friends?								
0 eveni	ngs 1	2	3	4	5	6	7 evenings		

SOURCE: HBSC 1986, 1990, 1994, 1998, 2002

Peer contact frequency: electronic-media communication

Description: A measure of frequency of contact with friends through electronic media.

Variable name: emedia6m

	ften do you talk to your friend(s) on the phone or send them text ges or have contact through the internet?
1	Rarely or never
2	1 or 2 days a week
3	3 or 4 days a week
4	5 or 6 days a week
5	Every day

SOURCE: HBSC 2001/02



Positive health Subjective health complaints

Description: A non-clinical measure of mental and physical health. The list includes physical and psychological symptoms. (Note: this measure is also referred to as 'the HBSC symptom checklist' and 'psychosomatic complaints').

Variable names:	neadache
S	stomachache
k	oackache
f	eellow
i	rritable
r	nervous
S	sleepdifficulty
C	dizzv

In the last 6 months: how often line	have you ha	d the follow	ring? Ple	ase tick one b	oox for each
	1) About every day	2) More than once a week	3) About every week	<i>4)</i> About every month	<i>5)</i> Rarely or never
1. Headache					
2. Stomach-ache					
3. Back ache					
4. Feeling low					
5. Irritability or bad temper					
6. Feeling nervous					
7. Difficulties in getting to sleep					
8. Feeling dizzy					

SOURCE: HBSC 1986, 1990, 1994, 1998, 2002



Self-rated health

Description: A measure of perceived health status.

Variable name: health

	Would you say your health is?		
	1	Excellent	
	2	Good	
	3	Fair	
	4	Poor	
SOURCE: Idler F. L. & Benyamini, V. (1997). Self-rated health and mortality: A review of			

SOURCE: Idler, E. L. & Benyamini, Y. (1997). Self-rated health and mortality: A review of twenty- seven community studies. *Journal Of Health And Social Behavior*, 38, 21-37. HBSC 2002

Life satisfaction

Description: A measure of general life satisfaction as an indicator of well being.

Variable name: lifesat

Here is a picture of a ladder.	10	Best possible life
The top of the ladder '10' is the best possible life for you and the bottom '0' is the worst possible life for you.	9	
In general, where on the ladder do you feel you stand at the moment?	7	
•	 /	
Tick the box next to the number that best describes where you stand.	6	
-	5	
	4	
	3	
	2	
	1	
	0	Worst possible life

SOURCE: Cantril, H. (1965). The pattern of human concern. Rutgers University Press; HBSC 2002



School setting

Academic achievement

Description: This item is a measure of the student's perception of how the teacher evaluates their academic performance.

Variable name: acachieve

•	<u>In your opinion</u> , what does your class teacher(s) think about your school performance compared to your classmates?	
1	Very good	
2	Good	
3	Average	
4	Below average	
SOURCE: HBSC 1986, 1990, 1994,1998, 2002.		

Satisfaction with school

Description: This item is intended to measure the students' global feeling about school as a whole.

Variable name: likeschool

How do	How do you feel about school at present?	
1	I like it a lot	
2	I like it a bit	
3	I don't like it very much	
4	l don't like it at all	

SOURCE: HBSC 1986,1990,1994,1998, 2002.



Student relations

Description: These three items are intended to form a composite scale to measure social support from classmates.

Variable names: studtogether

studhelpful studaccept

Here are some statements about the students in your class(es). Please show how much you agree or disagree with each one. Please tick one box for each line					
	1)	2)	3) Neither	4)	5)
	Strongly agree	Agree	agree nor disagree	Disagree	Strongly disagree
The students in my class(es) enjoy being together					
Most of the students in my class(es) are kind and helpful					
Other students accept me as I am					

SOURCE: HBSC 1994, 1998, 2002 (revised:)

School-related stress

Description: This item intends to measure the global feeling of being pressured by schoolwork, which includes work at school and homework.

Variable name: schoolpressure

How pr	How pressured do you feel by the schoolwork you have to do?		
1	Not at all		
2	A little		
3	Some		
4	A lot		

SOURCE: HBSC 1994,1998, 2002.



Social Inequality

Parental occupation

Description: The aim of this set of questions is to obtain sufficient information on parents' occupations to enable classification according to a standardised coding system. This is used as an indicator of socio-economic status.

Variable names: occupsesfa occupsesmo

Father	Mother
Does your father have a job?	Does your mother have a job?
¹ Yes	¹ Yes
² No	² No
³ Don't know	³ Don't know
Don't have or don't see father	Don't have or don't see mother
If YES , please say in what place he works (for example: hospital, bank, restaurant)	If YES , please say in what place she works (for example: hospital, bank, restaurant)
Please write down exactly what job he does there (for example: teacher, bus driver)	Please write down exactly what job she does there (for example: teacher, bus driver)
If NO, why does your father not have a job?	If NO, why does your mother not have a job?
(Please tick the box that best describes the situation)	(Please tick the box that best describes the situation)
¹ He is sick, or retired, or a student	¹ She is sick, or retired, or a student
² He is looking for a job	² She is looking for a job
He takes care of others, or is full-time at home	She takes care of others, or is full-time in the home
⁴ I don't know	⁴ I don't know

SOURCE: HBSC 1986, 1990,1994, 1998, 2002 (revised:)



The Family Affluence Scale (FAS)

Description: A measure of material family wealth as an alternative measure for socioeconomic status, given the difficulties in obtaining reliable information on parental occupation.

Variable names: famcar bedroom holidays

	computers		
Does yo	Does your family own a car, van or truck?		
1	No		
2	Yes, one		
3	Yes, two or more		
Do you	have your own bedroom for yourself?		
1	No		
2	Yes		
	the past 12 months, how many times did you travel away on holiday/ n with your family?		
1	Not at all		
2	Once		
3	Twice		
4	More than twice		
How ma	How many computers does your family own?		
1	None		
2	One		
3	Two		
4	More than two		



SOURCE: HBSC (Family Affluence Scale)

Perceived family wealth

Description: A measure young people's perceptions of their own family's socioeconomic position.

Variable name: welloff

How we	How well off do you think your family is?	
1	Very well off	
2	Quite well off	
3	Average	
4	Not so well off	
5	Not at all well off	

SOURCE: HBSC 1994,1998, 2002.

Hunger (Food Poverty)

Description: This item was originally devised to measure extreme poverty in terms of deprivation and hardship related to socio-economic status. However, analyses of the 2001/02 survey data has revealed the potential of this item to be an indicator of a more subtle phenomenon that could be linked to other health inequality issues such as neglect, household disorganisation, family dysfunction.

Variable name: hungry

-	Some young people go to school or to bed hungry because there is not enough food at home. How often does this happen to you?		
1	Always		
2	Often		
3	Sometimes		
4	Never		

SOURCE: HBSC survey 2001/02



Puberty

Description: A measure of the onset of puberty in girls. An equivalent indicator for boys is available as an optional package.

Variable name: menarche

GIRLS	GIRLS ONLY	
Have	Have you begun to menstruate (have periods)?	
1	No, I have not yet begun to menstruate	
2	Yes, I began at the age ofyears andmonths	

SOURCE: HBSC 2002