



1814-forelesningene

Quentin Skinner: The Genealogy of Freedom

FØRSTE FORELESNING

30 mai kl. 14.15, Egget, Studentsenteret, Parkveien 1, Bergen

Det blir en mottakelse i etterkant av forelesningen samme sted.

PROFESSOR QUENTIN SKINNER, UNIVERSITY OF LONDON

Quentin Skinner (1940) er en av vår tids ledende intellektuelle. Han var tidligere professor ved Cambridge University (1977-2007) og sto i spissen for den såkalte Cambridge-skolen sammen med J.G.A. Pocock. Han har i dag et professorat ved Queen Mary, University of London. Skinner har ikke bare preget historiefaget og politiske idéhistorie for generasjoner av forskere verden over, men hans tenkning bidrar i høy grad til dagens politiske samfunnsdebatt. Fra 1970 og 80 årenes studier av det moderne statsbegrepet har Skinner i de senere år vendt tilbake til frihetsbegrepet og utviklet det han benevner som «The Third Form of Liberty».

Noen av Skinners viktigste verk:

The Foundations of Modern Political Thought, Volume 1-2, Cambridge press (1978)

Liberty before liberalism, Cambridge press (1998)

Hobbes and Republican Liberty, Cambridge press (2008)

På norsk foreligger forelesningen «The Genealogy of the Moderne State»

i boka *Quentin Skinner: Staten og friheten*, Res publica (2011) og samlingen

Vilkårlig makt, Res publica (2009)

Skinner er blitt utnevnt til æresdoktor ved en rekke universitet over hele verden, senest ved Universitetet i Oslo i august 2011.



The Research Council
of Norway

The 1814 Lectures

Quentin Skinner: The Genealogy of Freedom

1ST LECTURE

The first lecture will take place at the University of Bergen
May 30th, 14.15, Egget, Studentsenteret, Parkveien 1, Bergen
A reception will take place after the lecture.

PROFESSOR QUENTIN SKINNER, UNIVERSITY OF LONDON

Quentin Skinner (1940) is regarded as one of the two principal members of the influential "Cambridge School" of the study of history and political thought together with J.G.A Pocock. Since 2008 he is Barber Beaumont Professor of the Humanities at Queen Mary, University of London. He is generally regarded as one of the two principal members of the influential 'Cambridge School' of the study of the history of political thought together with J.G.A. Pocock. Skinner has since returned to the history of liberty and particularly developing what he has articulated as a 'third form of liberty'. This can most effectively be described as a form of 'negative' liberty (or neo-Roman) which is characterized however by the active participation in government to remain free from interference and the slavery caused by succumbing to an arbitrary power.

Some of Skinner's most important books:

The Foundations of Modern Political Thought, Volume 1-2, Cambridge press 1978

Liberty before liberalism, Cambridge press 1998

Hobbes and Republican Liberty, Cambridge press 2008

The lecture «The Genealogy of the Modern State» is translated to Norwegian in the book *Quentin Skinner: Staten og friheten*, Res publica, 2011

Skinner is a Fellow of numerous scholarly associations and he holds Honorary degrees from many Universities, including Aberdeen, Athens, East Anglia, Chicago, Harvard, Helsinki, Leuven, Oxford, Santiago and St Andrews and Oslo.